

Membrane Partitioning/Membrane Binding

- Binding to Proteins:
- Specific well defined binding sites
 - Number of binding sites per molecule
 - Strength of the interaction
 - cooperativity

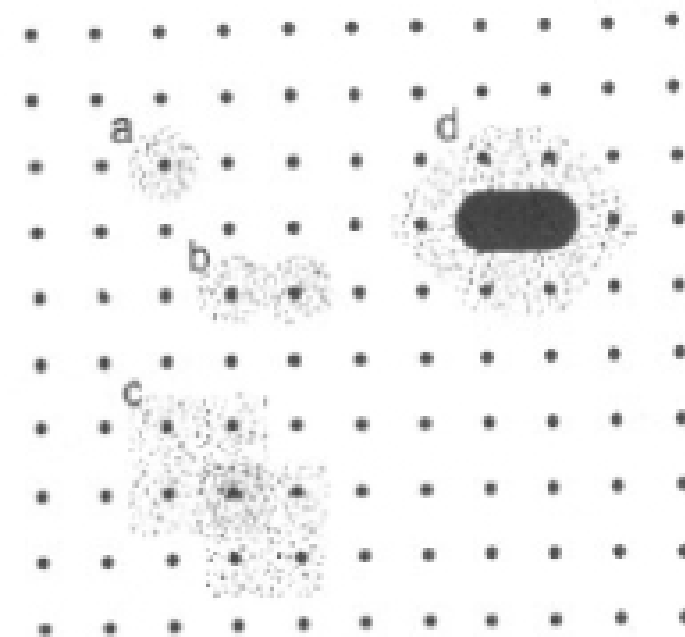
Adsorption of Ions and Amphipathic molecules to bilayers is not always as straightforward – binding site may not be as well defined. There may be specific ligands, there may be hydrophobic partitioning, or electrostatic attraction

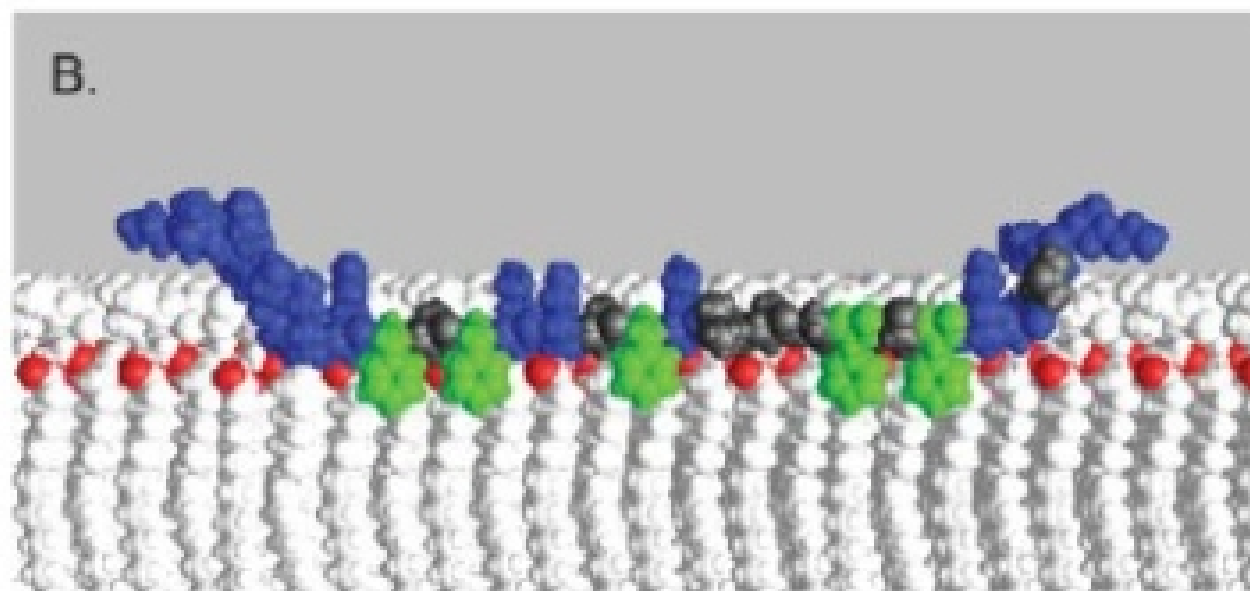
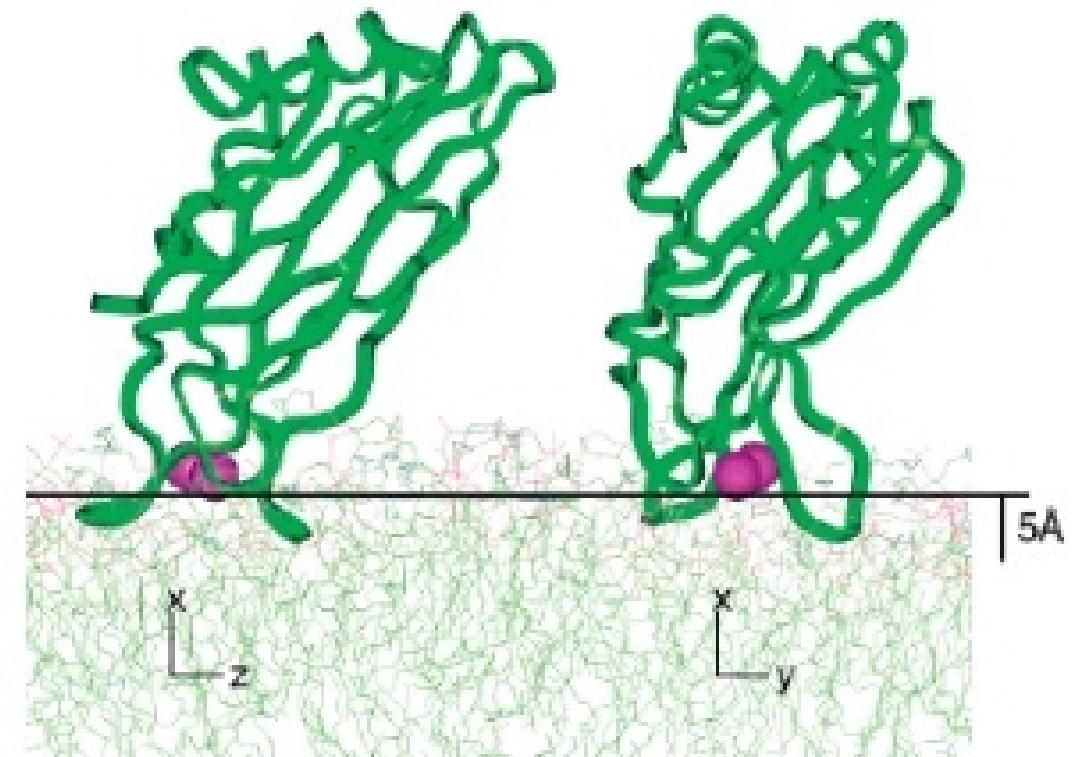
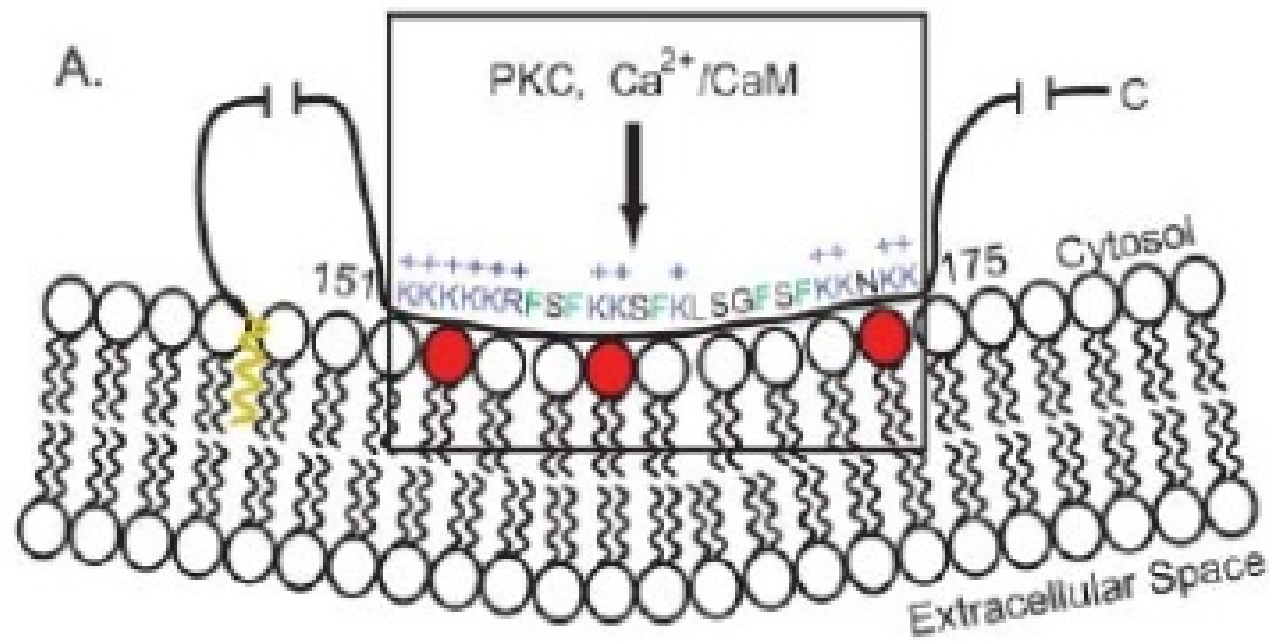
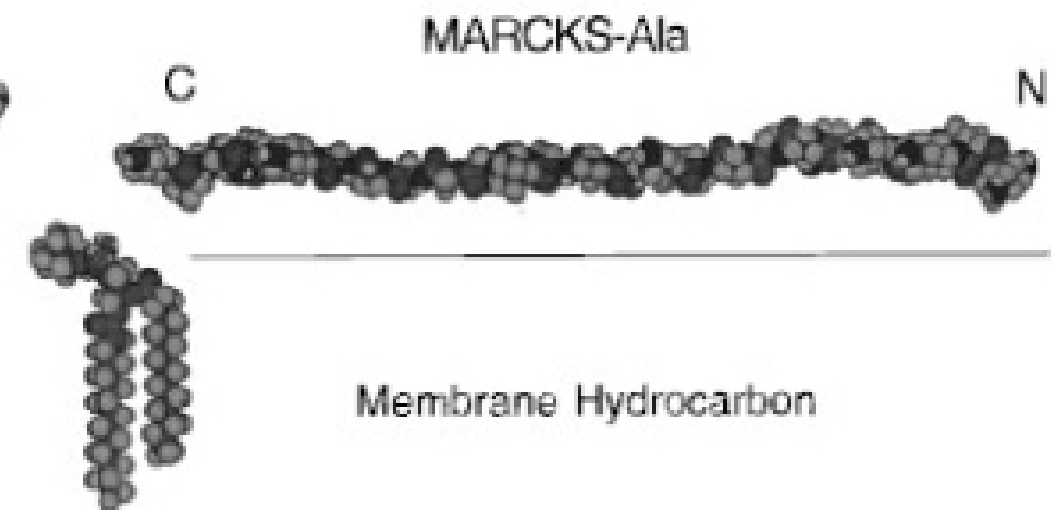
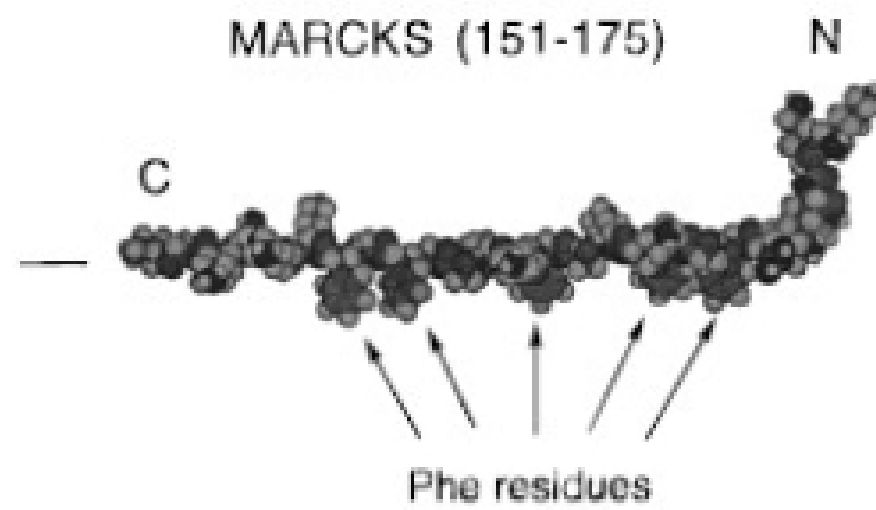
Different Models of Binding:

Partition Equilibrium

Langmuir Adsorption Isotherms

Complexation to N Lipids





What do we mean by BINDS?

Partition Equilibrium



P = small molecule (protein etc)

L = lipid, lipid is considered a separate phase

Partitioning Coefficient: $K_p = C_b/C_f$

Where C_b is the concentration of bound molecule (PL), C_f is the concentration of free molecule in solution (P).

Binding Isotherms are typically analyzed by measuring either the amount of the free ligand in solution or that bound to the bilayer and knowing the total concentration of lipid.

An expression was given in Fridays paper presentation:

$$c_{D,b} = c_D^{\circ} \frac{Kc_L^{\circ}}{1 + Kc_L^{\circ}}$$

Typically you derive an expression in terms of known total amounts, measure one parameter to determine a binding constant