

**Section 6.2: Venn Diagrams**

Example: If  $A = \{1, 3, 5\}$  and  $B = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}$  compute the following.

$$n(A) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad n(B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad n(A \cap B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \quad n(A \cup B) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

**Union Formulas:**

Example: Suppose we survey 60 shoppers about two products: A and B.

30 shoppers bought product A

20 shoppers bought product B

9 shoppers bought product A and product B

A) Fill in a Venn Diagram that represents this information.

B) How many shoppers bought product A but not B?

C) How many shoppers bought product A or B?

D) How many shoppers bought at least one product?

E) How many shoppers bought exactly one product?

F) How many shoppers bought neither of these products?

Example: If  $n(U) = 500$  and  $n(A \cup B) = 300$ , what is  $n(A^c \cap B^c)$ ?

Example: Supposed we poll 100 people with 3 yes/no questions.

22 people answered no to all three questions.

45 answered yes to question 1.

25 answered yes to question 2.

32 answered yes to question 3.

6 answered yes to only question 1 and question 3.

12 answered yes to question 2 and question 3.

2 answered yes to all three questions.

A) Fill in a Venn Diagram that represents this information.

B) How many people answered yes to question 2 or question 3?

C) How many people answered yes to at most one question?

D) How many people answered yes to question 2 but not question 1?

E) How many people answered yes to exactly 2 questions?