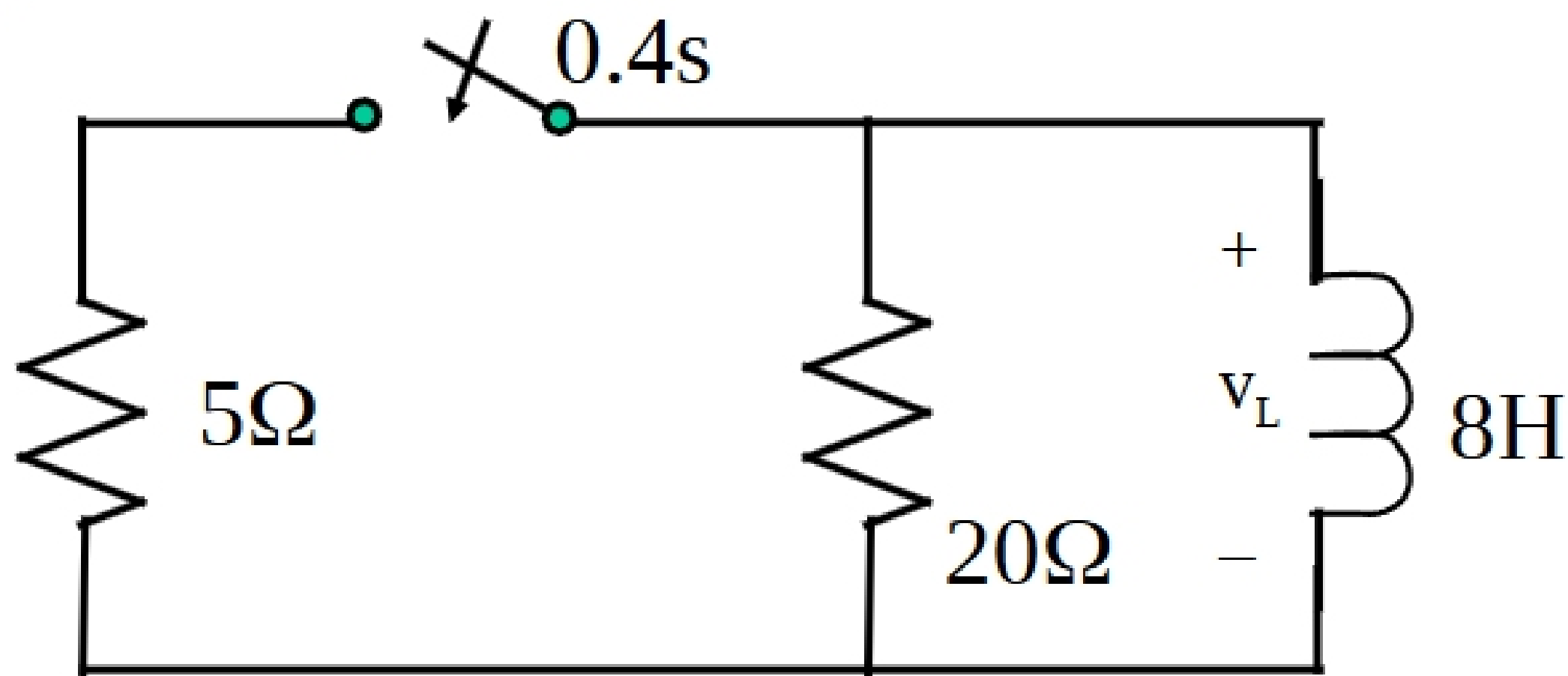


Source-free and step response

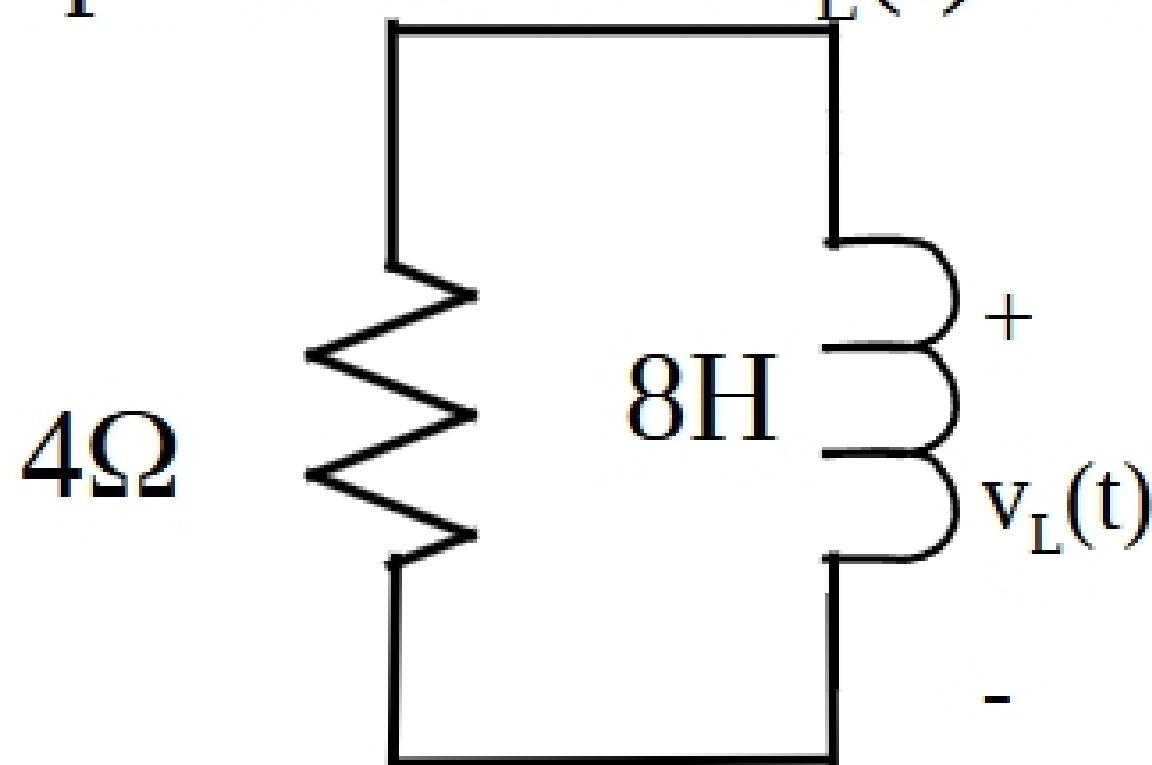
Example: Find $i_L(t)$ and $v_L(t)$ for $t \geq 0$ if $i_L(0^-) = 10\text{A}$, and the switch closes at $t = 0.4\text{s}$



Step 1 : Compute R_{TH} for $t \geq 0.4\text{s}$

$$R_{TH} = 5\Omega // 20\Omega = 4\Omega$$

Step 2: Evaluate $i_L(t)$ for $t \geq 0.4\text{s}$



$$i_L(t) = [e^{-(R_{TH}/L)(t-t_0)}] i_L(t_0)$$

Where $t_0 = 0.4$ s. But $i_L(0.4)$ is unknown

Step 3: Evaluate $i_L(t)$ for $0 \leq t \leq 0.4$ s.

$$R_{TH} = 20 \Omega$$

$$\square i_L(t) = [e^{-(20/8)(t-0)}] i_L(0^+)$$

$$i_L(t) = 10 e^{-2.5t} \text{ A}$$

$$\text{At } t = 0.4 \text{ s, } i_L(0.4) = 10e^{-1} = 3.68 \text{ A}$$

Step 4: Put solution for $i_L(0.4)$ into equation for

$$\square i_L(t) \quad t \geq 0.4 \text{ s.}$$

$$i_L(t) = [e^{-(4/8)(t-t_0)}] i_L(0.4)$$

$$i_L(t) = 3.68 e^{-0.5(t-0.4)} \text{ A}$$

Step 5: Compute $v_L(t)$ from Ohm's Law

When $0 \leq t \leq 0.4$ s : $v_L(t) = -R_{TH} i_L(t)$

$$\square v_L(t) = -(20)(10)[e^{-2.5t}] = -200 e^{-2.5t} \text{ V}$$

When $t \geq 0.4$ s $v_L(t) = -R_{TH} i_L(t)$

$$v_L(t) = -(4)3.68 e^{(-0.5)(t-0.4)}$$

$$v_L(t) = -14.72 e^{(-0.5)(t-0.4)} \text{ V}$$

Unit step functions

$$u(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \geq 0 \\ 0 & t < 0 \end{cases} \quad u(t - t_0) = \begin{cases} 1 & t \geq t_0 \\ 0 & t < t_0 \end{cases}$$

Examples: $v(t) = 10 u(t)$ V

$$v(t) = \begin{cases} 10\text{V} & \text{if } t \geq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } t < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$i_L(t) = 3.68 e^{-0.5(t-0.4)} \text{ A}$$

$$i_L(t) = 3.68 e^{-0.5(t-0.4)} u(t-0.4) \text{ A}$$