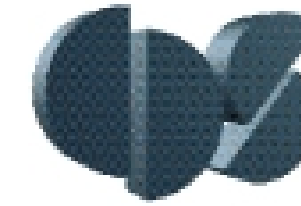




## CDS 101: Lecture 8.1 Frequency Domain Design



Richard M. Murray  
19 November 2002

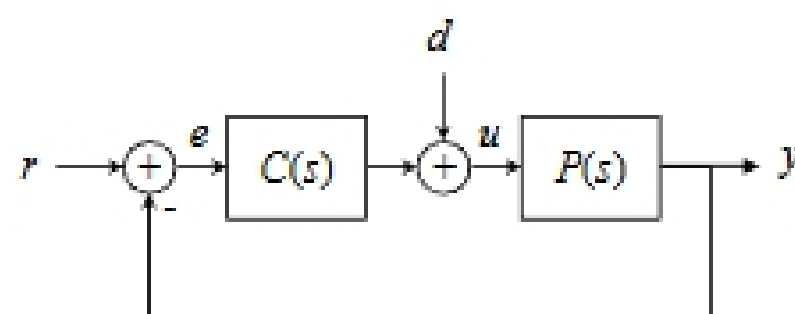
### Goals:

- Describe the use of frequency domain performance specification
- Show how to use “loop shaping” to achieve a performance specification
- Work through a detailed example of a control design problem

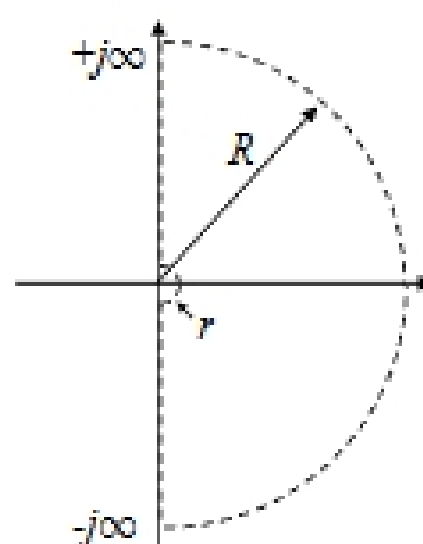
### Reading:

- No new reading this week
- *Advanced*: Lewis, Chapter 12

### Review from Last Week



- Nyquist criteria for loop stability
- Gain, phase margin for robustness



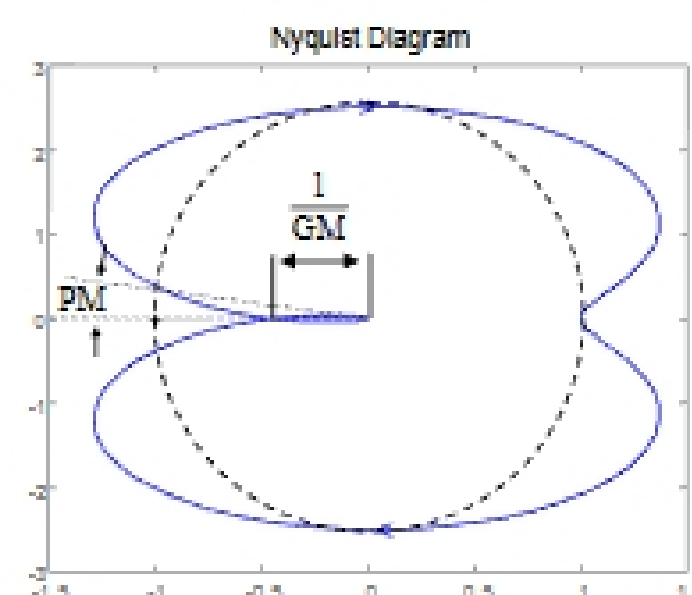
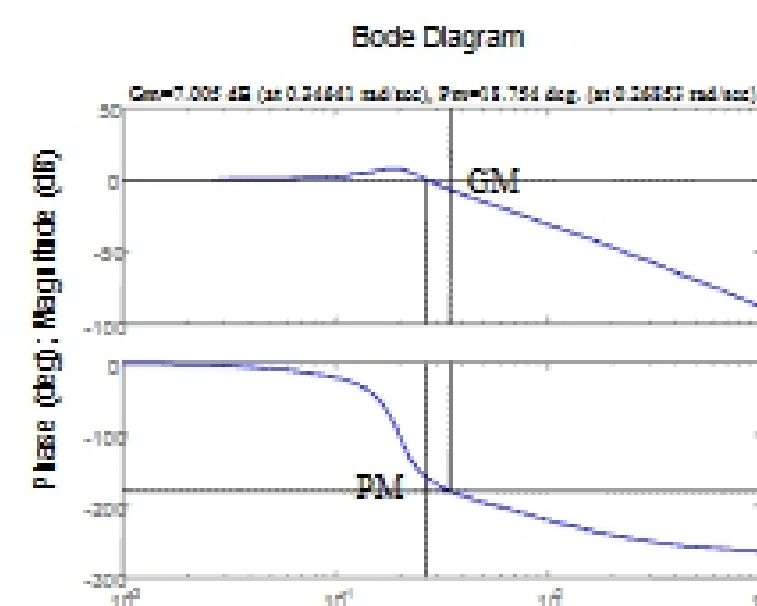
#### Thm (Nyquist).

$P$  # RHP poles of  $L(s)$

$N$  # CW encirclements

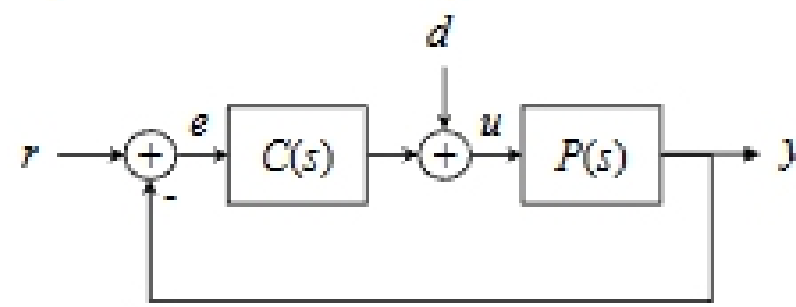
$Z$  # RHP zeros

$$Z = N + P$$



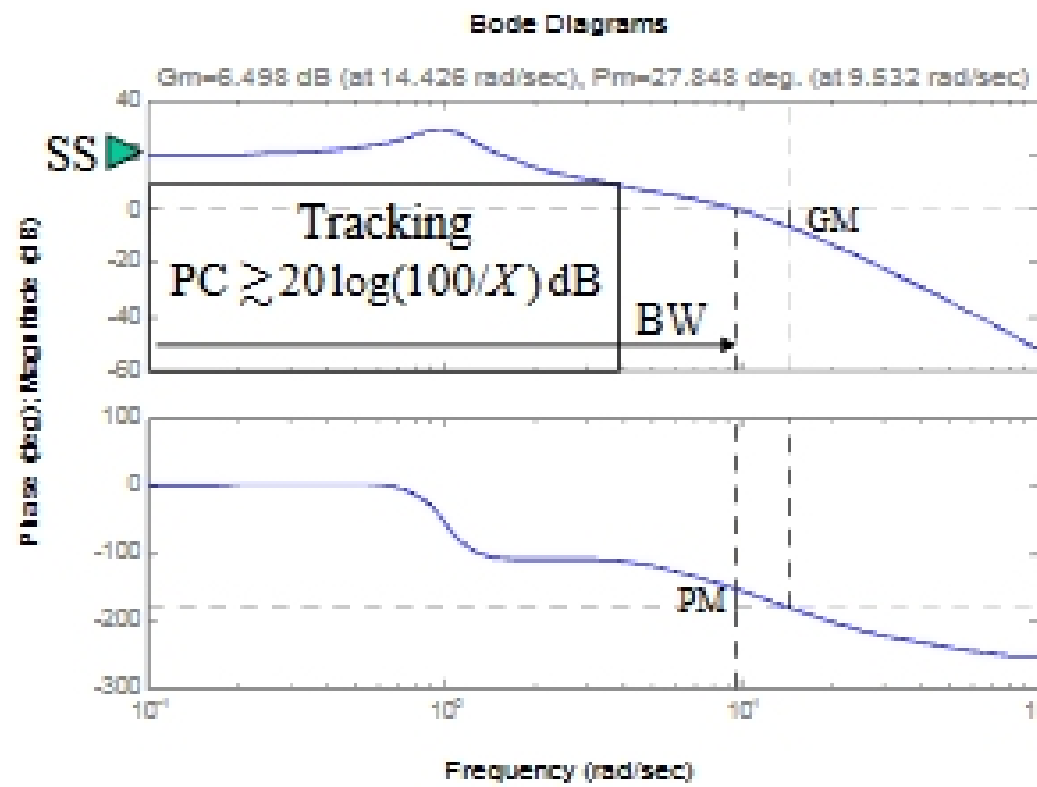
### Frequency Domain Performance Specifications

Specify bounds on the loop transfer function to guarantee desired performance



$$L(s) = P(s)C(s)$$

$$H_{er} = \frac{1}{1+L} \quad H_{yr} = \frac{L}{1+L}$$



- Steady state error:  $H_{er}(0) = 1/(1+L(0)) \approx 1/L(0)$   
 $\Rightarrow$  zero frequency ("DC") gain  $\blacktriangleright$
- Bandwidth: assuming  $\sim 90^\circ$  phase margin  
 $\frac{L}{1+L}(j\omega_c) \approx \left| \frac{1}{1+j} \right| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$   
 $\Rightarrow$  sets crossover freq  $\rightarrow$
- Tracking:  $X\%$  error up to frequency  $\omega_c \Rightarrow$  determines gain bound ( $1+PC > 100/X$ )  $\square$

18 Nov 02

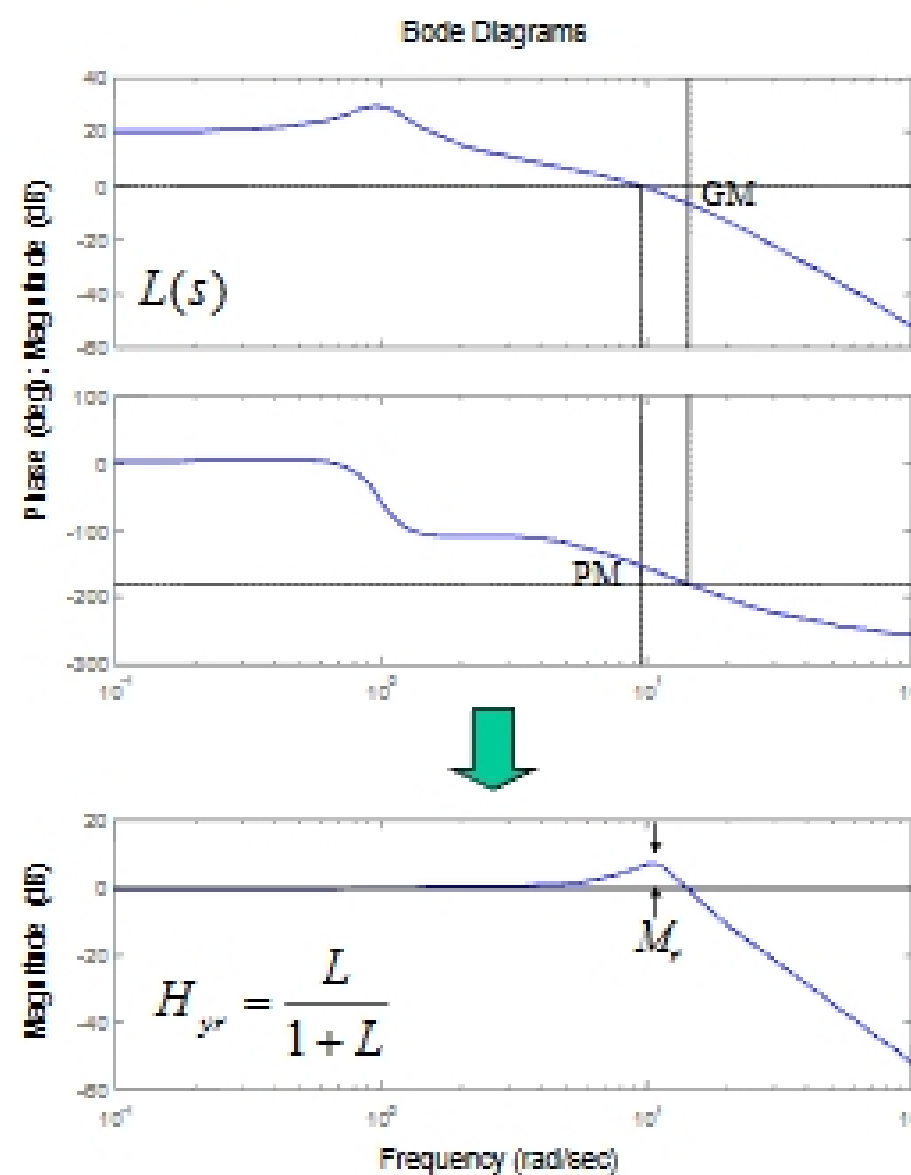
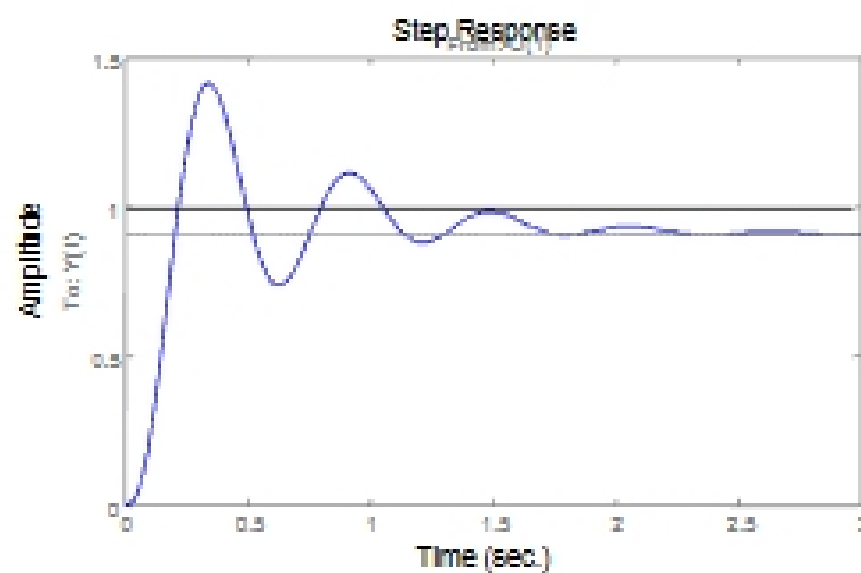
R. M. Murray, Caltech CDS

3

### Relative Stability

Relative stability: how stable is system to disturbances at certain frequencies?

- System can be stable but still have very bad response at certain frequencies
- Typically occurs if system has low phase margin  $\Rightarrow$  get resonant peak in closed loop ( $M_r$ ) + poor step response
- Solution: specify minimum phase margin. Typically  $45^\circ$  or more



18 Nov 02

R. M. Murray, Caltech CDS

4

### Overview of Loop Shaping

Frequency (rad/sec)

**Performance specification**

- ▶ Steady state error
- Tracking error
- Bandwidth
- Relative stability

**Approach: “shape” loop transfer function using  $C(s)$**

- $P(s)$  + specifications given
- $L(s) = P(s) C(s)$ 
  - Use  $C(s)$  to choose desired shape for  $L(s)$
- Important: can't set gain and phase independently

18 Nov 02
R. M. Murray, Caltech CDS
5

### LTIView

**MATLAB LTIView**

- Allows simultaneous view of up to six plots
- Can apply to any system in the MATLAB workspace
- Useful for seeing how the various concepts relate to each others

**Caution**

- Doesn't allow much control over details of each plot

18 Nov 02
R. M. Murray, Caltech CDS
6