

Physics 235 Fall 2013: Exam 1 Form #1

**You must enter your form number on
your scantron to receive your score.**

Please Print Your Name: _____

Instructions

1. Fill in your name above
2. Fill in your **name**, **ID number**, and **form number** on your scantron sheet
3. This will be a one hour and 50 minute (110 minute), closed book exam.
4. You may use a calculator, please do not share calculators.
5. The exam includes 20 multiple choice questions which will be machine graded. Each question is worth 5 points. No partial credit will be given.
6. For this exam, you can bring *one* 3×5" index card with any notes you wish to have. You may use a plastic ruler if you wish. You will also find all the physical constants that you might require listed below.
7. **Please take your exam booklet with you and keep it safe and unaltered.**

Constants you might need:

$$k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ Nm}^2/\text{C}^2$$

$$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$$

$$g = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ Tm/A}$$

$$\text{Mass of the electron: } 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Magnitude of the electron charge: } 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$$

$$\text{Mass of the proton: } 1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$\text{Atomic Mass Unit (1 amu): } 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$$

$$1 \text{ Gauss} = 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

$$\text{Speed of sound in air} = 340 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\text{Threshold of hearing } I_0 = 10^{-12} \text{ W/m}^2$$

$$\text{Speed of light in vacuum} = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$k_B = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ m}^2\text{kg/s}^2\text{K} = 1.38 \times 10^{-23} \text{ J/K}$$

$$\sigma = 5.7 \times 10^{-8} \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}^4$$

$$0 \text{ }^\circ\text{C} = 273.15 \text{ K}$$

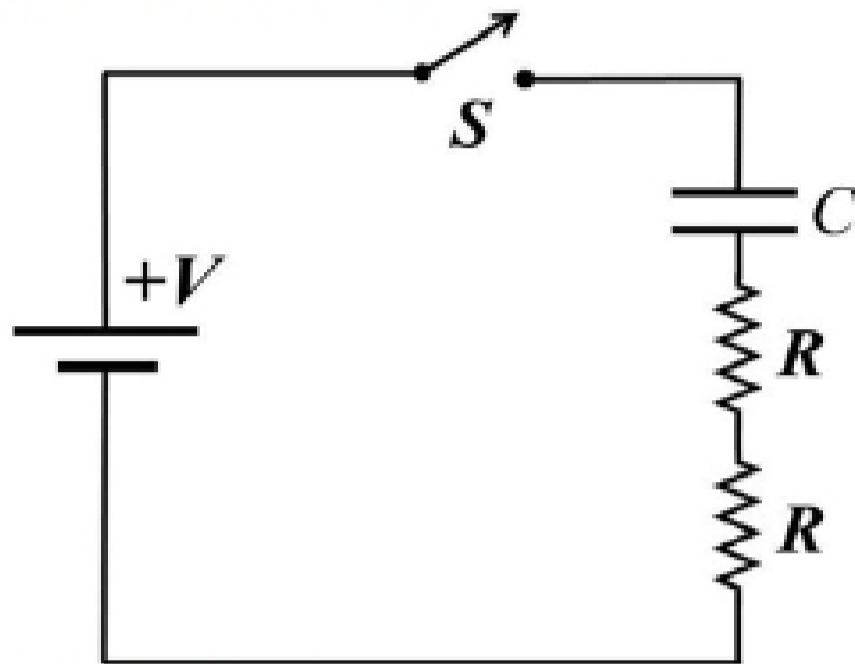
$$1 \text{ electron volt (1eV)} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$$

$$\text{Astronomical Unit (1AU)} = 1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m}$$

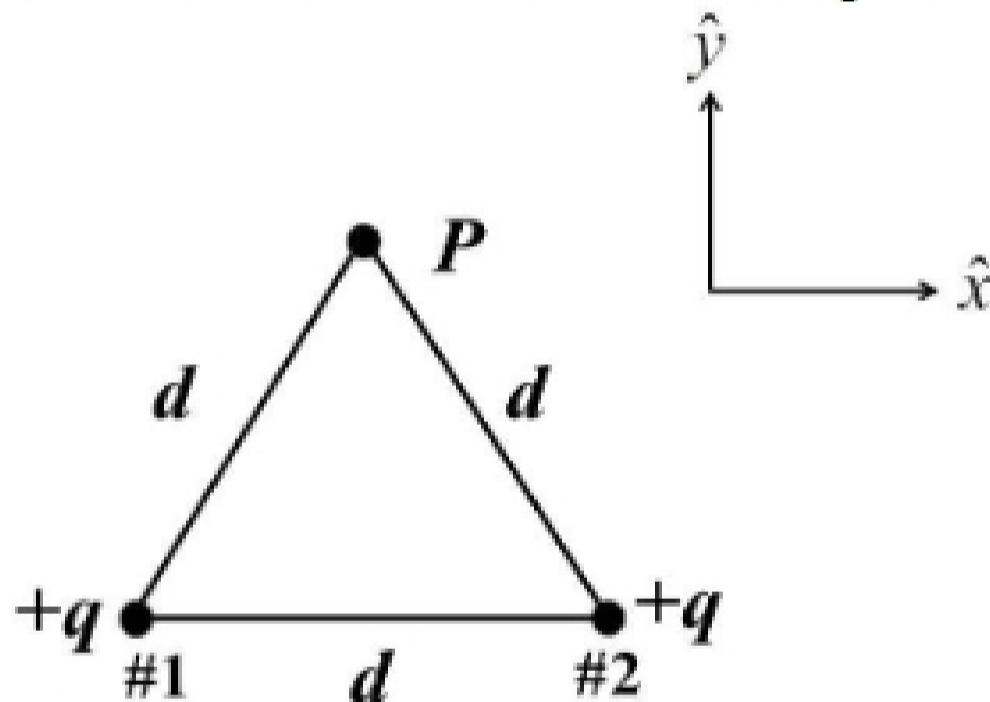
$$1 \text{ Light Year} = 9.47 \times 10^{15} \text{ m}$$

$$1 \text{ Parsec} = 3.3 \text{ Light Years}$$

1. For the circuit shown $V = 50 \text{ V}$ and $C = 10 \mu\text{F}$. The capacitor is initially uncharged. After the switch has been closed for 0.1 s the voltage across the capacitor is 5 V . What is the resistance R ?

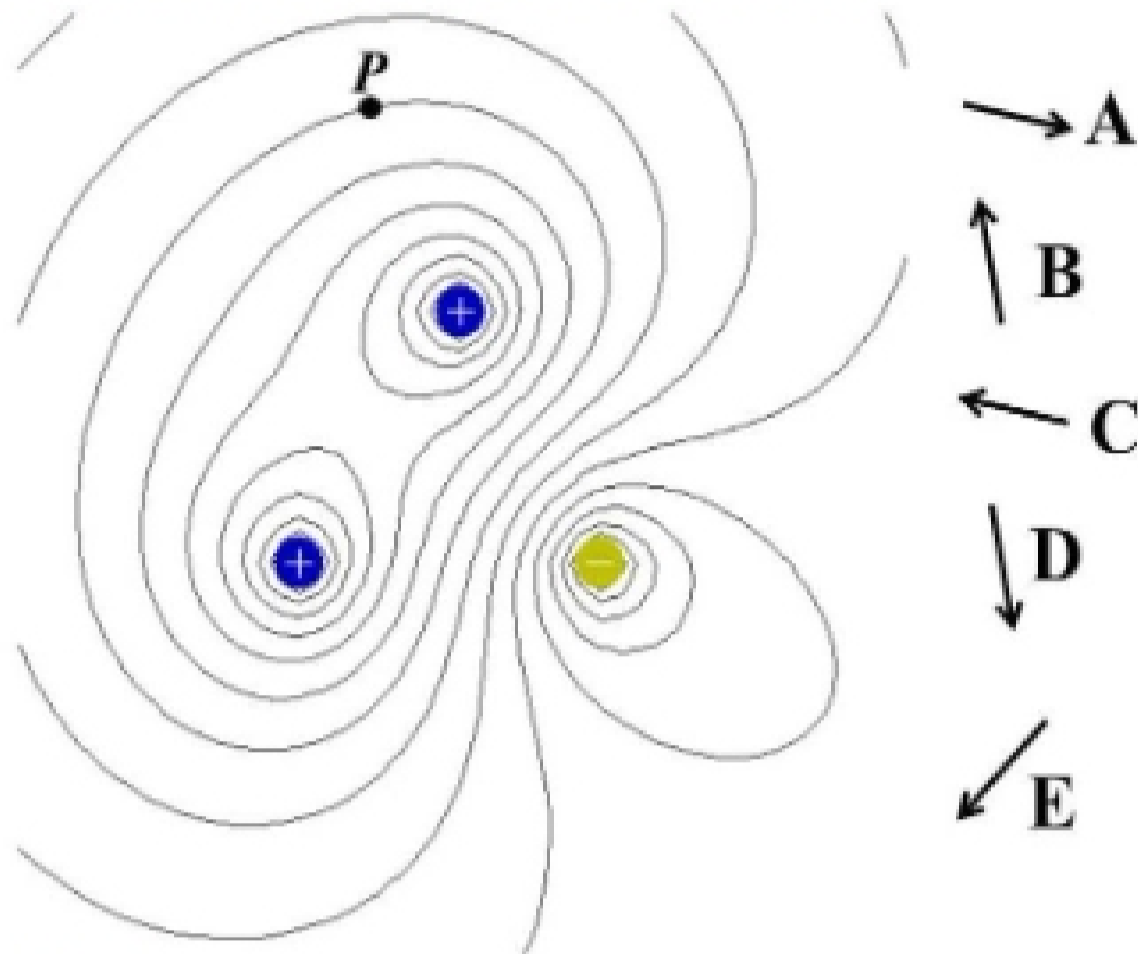


- A) $R = 27 \Omega$
 B) $R = 540 \Omega$
 C) $R = 3,650 \Omega$
 D) $R = 4.75 \times 10^4 \Omega$
 E) $R = 4.96 \times 10^6 \Omega$
2. Two equal charges $+q$ are arranged at the two corners of an equilateral triangle as shown. What is the Electric field at point P , located at the third corner of the triangle?



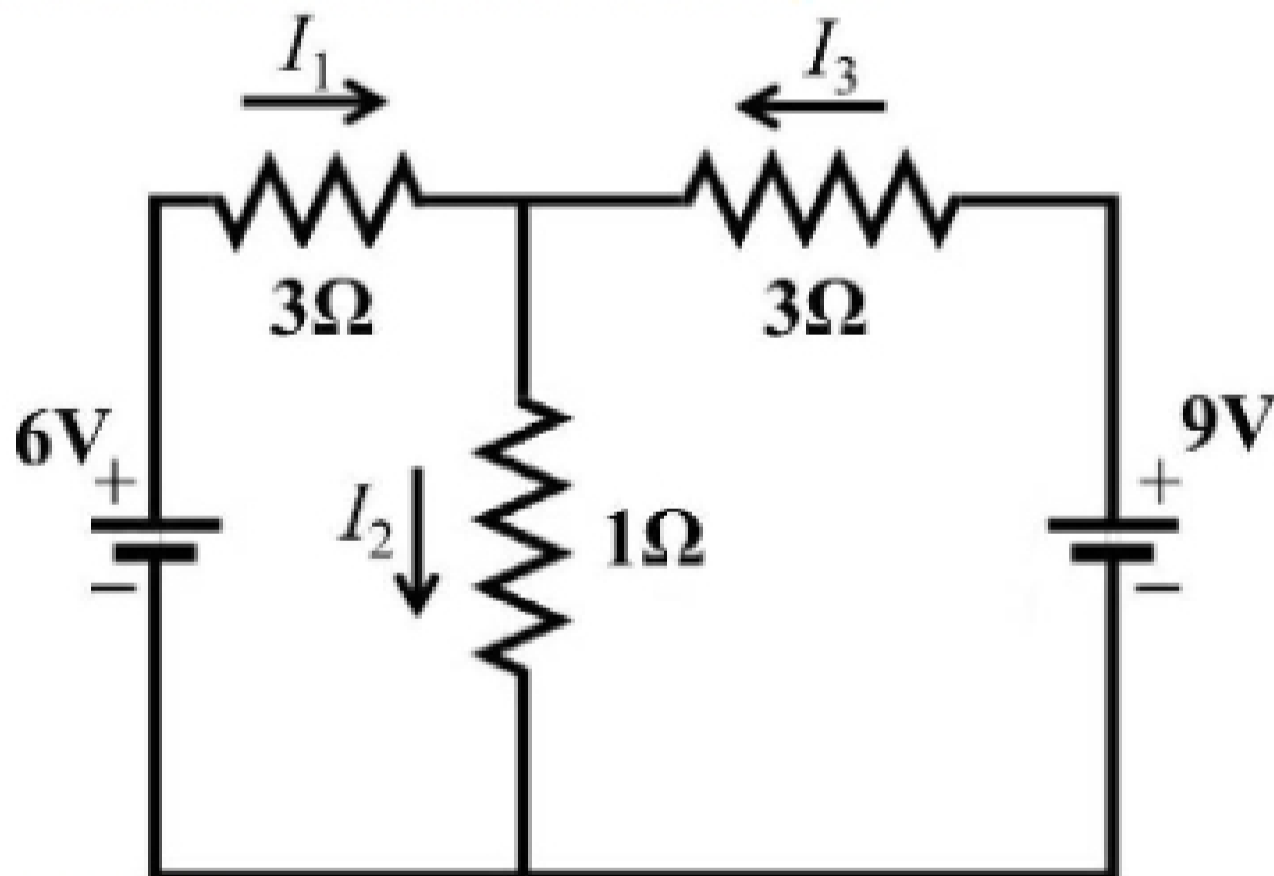
- A) $\vec{E}_P = \sqrt{3} \frac{kq}{d^2} \hat{y}$
 B) $\vec{E}_P = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{kq}{d^2} \hat{x}$
 C) $\vec{E}_P = \frac{1}{2} \frac{kq}{d^2} \hat{y}$
 D) $\vec{E}_P = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{kq}{d^2} \hat{x} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \frac{kq}{d^2} \hat{y}$
 E) $\vec{E}_P = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \frac{kq}{d^2} \hat{y}$

3. Consider the equipotentials shown for two positive charges and a negative charge located in the plane of the page. Which of the arrows shown best represents the direction of the electric field at point P ?



- A) A
- B) B
- C) C
- D) D
- E) E

4. For the circuit shown the current I_3 is



- A) 1 A
- B) 2 A
- C) 3 A
- D) 4 A
- E) 5 A