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ECE/CE 3720: Embedded System Design

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Lecture 8: Interrupts in the 68HC11

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General Features of Interrupts

- All interrupting systems must have the:
 1. Ability for hardware to request action from computer.
 2. Ability for computer to determine the source.
 3. Ability for computer to acknowledge the interrupt.
- To *arm* (*disarm*) a device means to enable (shut off) the source of interrupts.
- To *enable* (*disable*) means to allow (postpone) interrupts at this time.

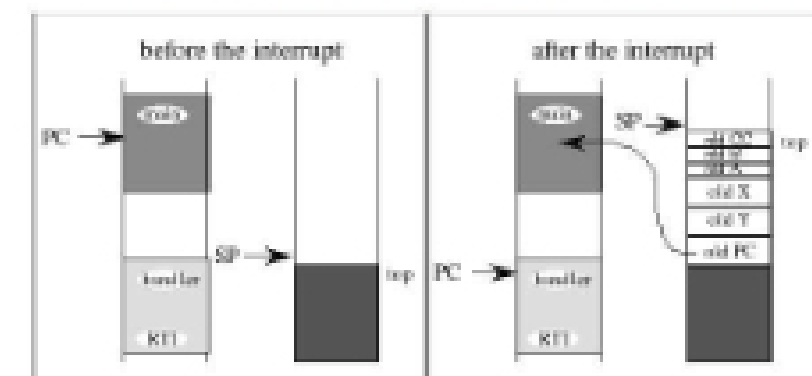
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Sequence of Events During Interrupt

1. Hardware needs service (*busy-to-done*) transition.
2. Flag is set in one of the I/O status registers.
 - (a) Interrupting event sets the flag (ex., *STAF*–1).
 - (b) The device is armed (ex., *STAI*–1).
 - (c) Microcomputer interrupts are enabled (ex., *I*–0).
3. Thread switch.
 - (a) Microcomputer finishes current instruction.
 - (b) All registers are pushed onto the stack.
 - (c) Vector address is obtained and put into the PC.
 - (d) Microcomputer sets *I*–1.
4. Execution of the ISR.
5. Return control back to the thread that was running.

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6811 Stack Before and After an Interrupt



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6811 Interrupts

- 6811 has two external requests \overline{TRQ} and \overline{XTRQ} .
- Other interrupt sources include:
 - A STRA interrupt
 - Three input capture interrupts
 - Five output compare interrupts
 - Three timer interrupts (timer overflow, RTI, pulse accumulator)
 - Two serial port interrupts (SCI and SPI)

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6811 Interrupt Vectors and Priority

Vector	Interrupt Source	Enable	Arm
\$FFFE	Power on reset	Always	Always highest
\$FFFE	Hardware reset	Always	Always
\$FFFC	COP clk monitor fail	Always	OPTION.CME-1
\$FFFA	COP failure	Always	CONFIG.NOCOP-0
\$FFF4	Nonmaskable XIRQ	X-0	External hardware
\$FFF2	External IRQ	1-0	External hardware
\$FFF2	Parallel I/O, STAF	1-0	PIOC.STAI-1
\$FFF0	Real time int., RTIF	1-0	TMSK2.RTI-1
\$FEEE	Inp capture 1, IC1F	1-0	TMSK1.IC1I-1
\$FEEC	Inp capture 2, IC2F	1-0	TMSK1.IC2I-1
\$FEEA	Inp capture 3, IC3F	1-0	TMSK1.IC3I-1
\$FEE8	Outp compare 1, OC1F	1-0	TMSK1.OC1I-1
\$FEE6	Outp compare 2, OC2F	1-0	TMSK1.OC2I-1
\$FEE4	Outp compare 3, OC3F	1-0	TMSK1.OC3I-1

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6811 Interrupts

- Interrupts have a fixed priority, but can elevate one to highest priority using hardware priority interrupt (HPRIO) register.
- XIRQ is highest-priority device and has separate vector and enable bit (X).
- Once X bit is cleared, software cannot disable it.
- XIRQ handler sets X and I, and restores with *rti*.

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6811 Interrupt Vectors and Priority (cont)

Vector	Interrupt Source	Enable	Arm
\$FEE2	Outp compare 4, OC4F	1-0	TMSK1.OC4I-1
\$FEE0	Outp compare 5, OC5F	1-0	TMSK1.OC5I-1
\$FDEE	Timer overflow, TOF	1-0	TMSK2.TOI-1
\$FDC	Pulse accum overflow	1-0	TMSK2.PAOVI-1
\$FDA	Pulse accum inp edge	1-0	TMSK2.PAI-1
\$FD8	SPI complete, SPIF	1-0	SPCR.SPIE-1
\$FD6	Rx data reg full, RDRF	1-0	SCCR2.RIE-1
\$FD6	Rx overrun, OVRN	1-0	SCCR2.RIE-1
\$FD6	Tx data reg empty, TDRE	1-0	SCCR2.TIE-1
\$FD6	Tx complete, TC	1-0	SCCR2.TCIE-1
\$FD6	Idle line detect, IDLE	1-0	SCCR2.IIE-1
\$FF8	Illegal opcode trap	Always	Always
\$FF6	Software interrupt SWI	Always	Always lowest

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Setting Interrupt Vectors

```
org $FFF0
fdb RTIHAN    Ptr to real time interrupt handler
org $FFF2
fdb IRQHAN    Ptr to external IRQ and STRA handler
org $FFF4
fdb XIRQHAN   Ptr to external XIRQ handler
org $FFFE
fdb RESETHAN  Ptr to reset handler
```

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6811 Pseudo-Vectors (cont)

6811 Vector	Vector Name	Address
\$FFEA	Inp capture 3, IC3F	\$00E2-\$00E4
\$FFEC	Inp capture 2, IC2F	\$00E5-\$00E7
\$FFEE	Inp capture 1, IC1F	\$00E8-\$00EA
\$FFF0	Real time int., RTIF	\$00EB-\$00ED
\$FFF2	External IRQ, STAF	\$00EE-\$00F0
\$FFF4	Nonmaskable XIRQ	\$00F1-\$00F3
\$FFF6	Software interrupt SWI	\$00F4-\$00F6
\$FFF8	Illegal opcode trap	\$00F7-\$00F9
\$FFFA	COP failure	\$00FA-\$00FC
\$FFFC	COP clk monitor fail	\$00FD-\$00FF

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6811 Pseudo-Vectors

6811 Vector	Vector Name	Address
\$FFD6	SCI	\$00C4-\$00C6
\$FFD8	SPI	\$00C7-\$00C9
\$FFDA	Pulse accum inp edge	\$00CA-\$00CC
\$FFDC	Pulse accum overflow	\$00CD-\$00CF
\$FFDE	Timer overflow, TOF	\$00D0-\$00D2
\$FFE0	Outp compare 5, OC5F	\$00D3-\$00D5
\$FFE2	Outp compare 4, OC4F	\$00D6-\$00D8
\$FFE4	Outp compare 3, OC3F	\$00D9-\$00DB
\$FFE6	Outp compare 2, OC2F	\$00DC-\$00DE
\$FFE8	Outp compare 1, OC1F	\$00DF-\$00E1

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Setting Interrupt Pseudo-Vectors

```
ldaa #$7E    Opcode for JMP
staa $00EB
ldx #RTIHAN  Ptr to real time interrupt handler
stx $00EC    JMP RTIHAN
ldaa #$7E    Opcode for JMP
staa $00EE
ldx #IRQHAN  Ptr to external IRQ and STRA handler
stx $00EF    JMP IRQHAN
ldaa #$7E    Opcode for JMP
staa $00F1
ldx #XIRQHAN Ptr to external IRQ and STRA handler
stx $00F2    JMP XIRQHAN
```