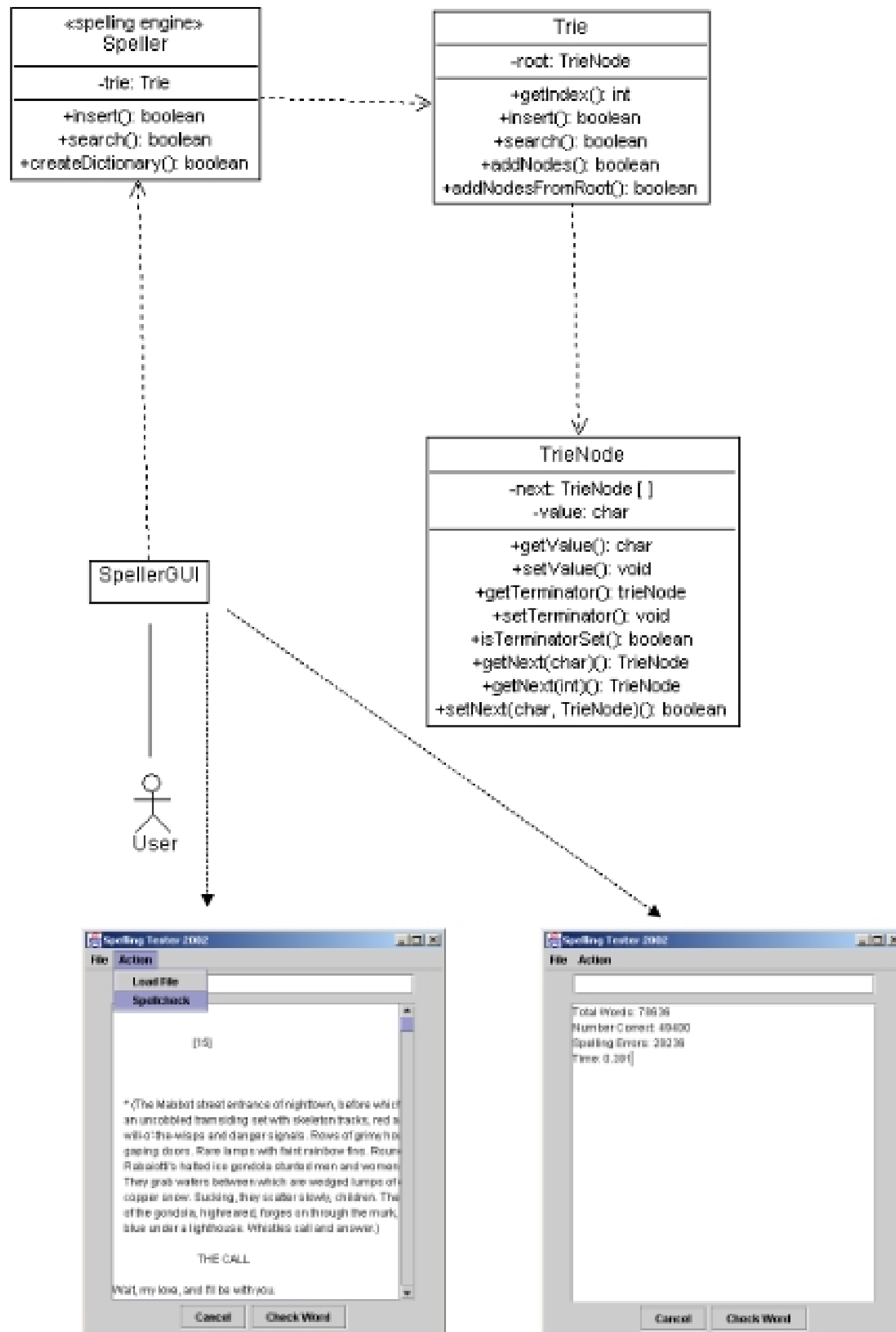


## SpellChecker Program Using Java Trie Implementation



```
// Author Julius Dichter
// © 2002
```

```
import java.util.*;
import java.io.*;
```

```
public class Speller {
```

```
    Trie trie;
```

```
    public Speller() {
```

```
        RandomAccessFile file = null;
        trie = new Trie();
```

```
        try {
            file = new RandomAccessFile("words.all","r"); }
        catch (IOException ioe) { System.err.println("File not found"); }
```

```
        try {
            for (int i=0; ; i++) {
                String word = file.readLine();
                if (word == null) break;
                if (word.indexOf("(") != -1) continue;
                trie.insert(word);
            }
            trie.insert("aardvark");
        }
        catch (EOFException eofe) { }
        catch (IOException ioe) { ioe.printStackTrace(); }}
```

```
        public void insert (String string) {
            trie.insert(string); }
```

```
        public boolean search(String string) {
            return trie.search(string); }
```

```
        public static void main(String [] s) {
            Speller speller = new Speller(); }
```

```
    }
```

```

public class Trie {

// make private in implementation
public TrieNode root;

public Trie() {
    root = new TrieNode(); }

// returns index 1-26 for valid words, -1 for
public static int getIndex(char ch) {

if (ch >= 'a' && ch <= 'z')
    return (int)ch - 'a' + 1;
else if (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z')
    return (int)ch - 'A' + 1;
else
    return -1; }

public boolean insert(String string) {

if (string == null) return false;

char ch = string.charAt(0);

TrieNode curr = root.getNext(ch);

if (curr == null) { // 1st word starting with given letter
    return addNodesFromRoot(string); }

TrieNode prev = null;

// for each character in the string
for (int i = 0; curr != null && i < string.length(); i++) {
    ch = string.charAt(i);

    // set node value to character
    curr.setValue(ch);

    if (curr != null) { // curr NOT null: we have a character match
        // is it the end of the string (a match)

        if (i == string.length() - 1) { // end of string
            if (curr.getTerminator() != null) // already exists
                return false;
        }
    }
}
}

```