

Population models (examples of Autonomous DEs)

Let t denote time, and let $P(t)$ denote the population of some type of organism. (bacteria, humans, deer, ...)

We introduce

β = birth rate = births per unit time per unit of population.

δ = death rate

Over an interval of time Δt , there will be

$\beta \cdot P \cdot \Delta t$ births
and

$\delta \cdot P \cdot \Delta t$ deaths

so the change in population will be

$$\Delta P \approx \beta \cdot P \cdot \Delta t - \delta \cdot P \cdot \Delta t = (\beta - \delta) P \Delta t$$

$$\frac{\Delta P}{\Delta t} \approx (\beta - \delta) P$$

In the limit as $\Delta t \rightarrow 0$, we obtain $\frac{dP}{dt} = (\beta - \delta) P$

This is the basic population model. We can vary the parameters β and δ , even allowing them to depend on t or P .

The point is to understand how the behavior of the population over time depends on the choice of parameters β, δ in the construction of the model.

Simplest case: β and δ are constant.

$$\frac{dP}{dt} = kP, \text{ where } k = \beta - \delta$$

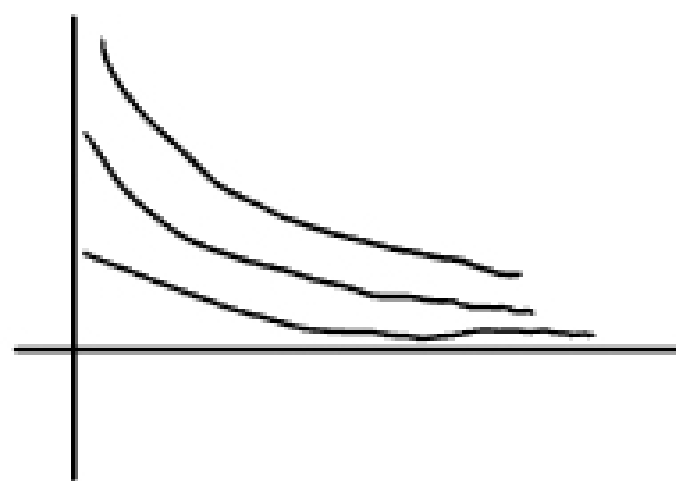
Solution: $P(t) = P_0 e^{kt}$ where $P_0 = P(0)$ is initial pop.

If $\beta > \delta$ then $k > 0$, and we have exponential growth.



EXPLOSION!

If $\beta < \delta$ then $k < 0$, and we have exponential decay.

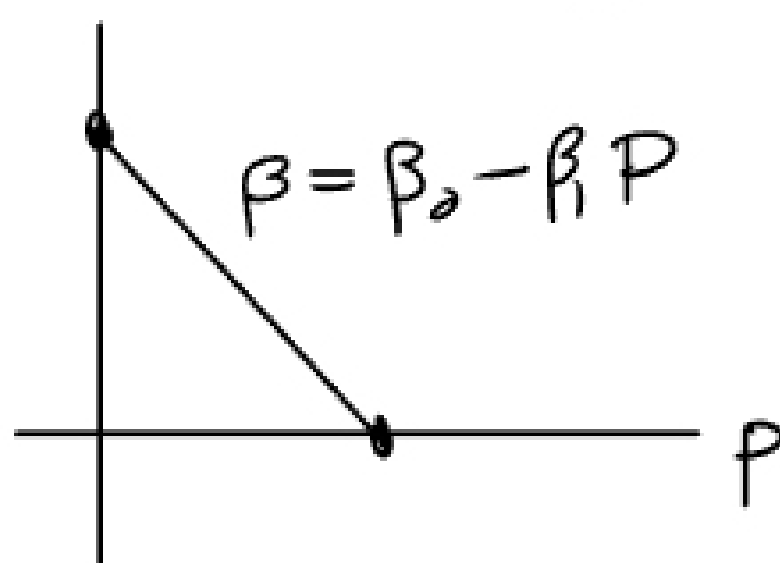


EXTINCTION!

What if β and δ depend on P ?

A reasonable model is that the birth rate decreases with increased population. This will be true if there are environmental factors, such as a limited food supply, which limit reproduction at high population levels.

Then $\beta = \beta(P)$ will look like



Negative slope $-\beta_1$
Hits 0 at
 $P = \frac{\beta_0}{\beta_1}$

Assume Death rate is constant $\delta = \delta_0$

So our population model becomes.

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{dP}{dt} &= (\beta_0 - \beta_1 P - \delta_0) P = (\beta_0 - \delta_0) P - \beta_1 P^2 \\ &= \beta_1 P \left(\frac{\beta_0 - \delta_0}{\beta_1} - P \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Or } \frac{dP}{dt} = k P (M - P)$$

$$\begin{aligned} k &= \beta_1 \\ M &= \frac{\beta_0 - \delta_0}{\beta_1} \end{aligned}$$

This is called the logistic equation.

Many different situations are modeled by this equation