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MATH 2850

~~8/20/14~~

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vector value functions

$$r: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$t \mapsto \langle x, y, z \rangle \leftarrow \text{vector}$$

ex:

$$r: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$t \mapsto \langle t^3, t^2+4, 3t^2-1 \rangle$$

$$x(t) = t^3$$

$$y(t) = t^2+4$$

$$z(t) = 3t^2-1$$

$$x\hat{i} + y\hat{j} + z\hat{k}$$

← only use this when taking  
\* the cross product

$$r'(t) = \frac{dr}{dt} = \left\langle \frac{d}{dt}(t^3), \frac{d}{dt}(t^2+4), \frac{d}{dt}(3t^2-1) \right\rangle$$

$$r'(t) = \langle 3t^2, 2t, 6t \rangle$$

$$r(t+h) = r(t) + r'(t)h + E(t,h)$$

$$\text{where } \frac{|E(t,h)|}{h} \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } |h| \rightarrow 0$$

$$r(t) = \langle t^3, t^2+4, 3t^2-1 \rangle$$

$$r(t+h) = \langle (t+h)^3, (t+h)^2+4, 3(t+h)^2-1 \rangle$$

$$= \langle t^3 + 3t^2h + 3th^2 + h^3, t^2 + 2th + h^2 + 4, 3(t^2 + 2th + h^2) - 1 \rangle$$

$$E(t,h) = r(t+h) - r(t) - r'(t)h$$

$$= \langle t^3 + 3t^2h + 3th^2 + h^3 - t^3 - 3t^2h, t^2 + 2th + h^2 + 4 - (t^2 + 4) - 2th, 3t^2 + 6th + 3h^2 - 1 - (3t^2 - 1) - 6th \rangle$$

$$= \langle 3th^2 + h^3, h^2, 3h^2 \rangle = E(t,h)$$

$$= h^2 \langle 3t+h, 1, 3 \rangle$$



$$|v| = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$

Scalar

vector

$$|v| = |a| |v|$$

absolute value

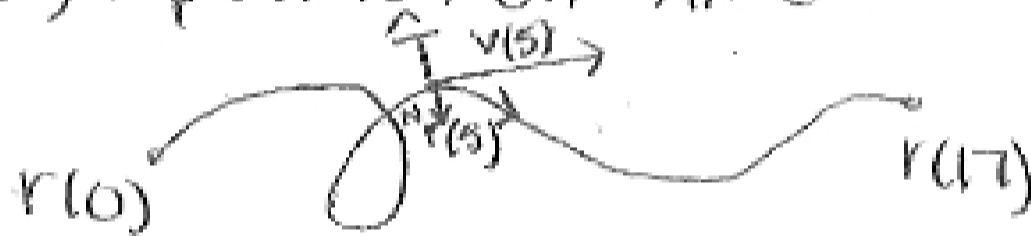
length

$$|E(t, h)| = h^2 \sqrt{(3Et+h)^2 + (1)^2 + (3)^2}$$

$$\frac{|E(t, h)|}{|h|} = |h| \sqrt{(3Et+h)^2 + 10} \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } |h| \rightarrow 0$$

goes to  $3E^2 + 10$

$r(t)$ : position at time  $t$



Velocity:  $v(t) = r'(t) = \langle 3t^2, 2t, 0t \rangle$

Acceleration:  $a(t) = v'(t) = r''(t) = \langle 6t, 2, 0 \rangle$

Speed = magnitude of velocity  
 $= |v|$   
 $= \sqrt{(3t^2)^2 + (2t)^2 + (0t)^2}$   
 $= \sqrt{9t^4 + 40t^2} = |t| \sqrt{9t^2 + 40}$

\* abs. value signifies magnitude.

\* velocity is tangent to the curve of position

$$T = \frac{v}{|v|} = \left\langle \frac{3t^2}{|t| \sqrt{9t^2 + 40}}, \frac{2t}{|t| \sqrt{9t^2 + 40}}, \frac{0t}{|t| \sqrt{9t^2 + 40}} \right\rangle$$

\* don't try to simplify it

$$\frac{d}{dt} (28 r(t)) = 28 r'(t)$$

$$s: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$t \mapsto \langle t^5, t^4, t^3 \rangle$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(r+s)(t) = r'(t) + s'(t)$$

$$= \langle 3t^2, 2t, 1 \rangle + \langle 5t^4, 4t^3, 3t^2 \rangle$$

$$= \langle 3t^2 + 5t^4, 2t + 4t^3, 1 + 3t^2 \rangle$$

Dot Product:

$$s: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$t \mapsto \langle u, v, w \rangle$$

$$r: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^3$$

$$t \mapsto \langle x, y, z \rangle$$

$$\frac{d}{dt}(r \cdot s) = \frac{d}{dt} (xu + yv + zw)$$

$$= \frac{d}{dt}(xu) + \frac{d}{dt}(yv) + \frac{d}{dt}(zw)$$

$$= (x'u + xu') + (y'v + yv') + (z'w + zw')$$

$$= (x'u + y'v + z'w) + (xu' + yv' + zw')$$

$$= \langle x', y', z' \rangle \cdot \langle u, v, w \rangle + \langle x, y, z \rangle \cdot \langle u', v', w' \rangle$$

$$= r' \cdot s + r \cdot s'$$

Cross product:

$$\frac{d}{dt}(r \times s) = r' \times s + r \times s'$$

\*do not interchange order!

$$r \times s = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{i} & \hat{j} & \hat{k} \\ x & y & z \\ u & v & w \end{vmatrix} = \hat{i} \begin{vmatrix} y & z \\ v & w \end{vmatrix} - \hat{j} \begin{vmatrix} x & z \\ u & w \end{vmatrix} + \hat{k} \begin{vmatrix} x & y \\ u & v \end{vmatrix}$$

$$= \langle yw - vz, -(xw - uz), xv - uy \rangle$$