

## Probably About Probability

$p < .05$

1

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## Probability

- ⊗ Inferential statistics allow us to decide if one condition of an experiment likely produced different results than another condition
- ⊗ Inferential statistics are based on the concepts of probability
- ⊗ Thus, probability is an essential aspect of statistics

2

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

## What Is Probability?

- ⊗ Probabilities often deal with *events*
- ⊗ An event is something that happens
  - ⊗ E.g. Rolling a 3 on a fair die is an event
- ⊗ The probability of an event is given by the ratio of how often that event occurs and how often all events occur

3

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

---

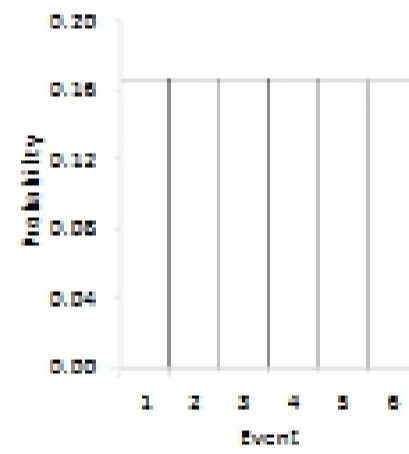
## Probability of Events

- ⊛ When you role a fair, 6 sided die, each of the six faces has an equal chance of coming up
- ⊛ Thus, the probability of any single face appearing is given by 1 (how often that event occurs) divided by 6 (the total number of events)

4

### 1 Die (6 events)

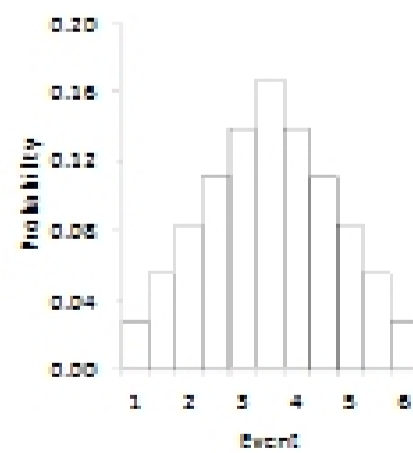
Event	f	p(Event)
1	1	1/6
2	1	1/6
3	1	1/6
4	1	1/6
5	1	1/6
6	1	1/6



5

### Mean of 2 Dice (36 events)

Mean	f	p(mean)
1.0	1	1 / 36 = 0.0278
1.5	2	2 / 36 = 0.0556
2.0	3	3 / 36 = 0.0833
2.5	4	4 / 36 = 0.1111
3.0	5	5 / 36 = 0.1389
3.5	6	6 / 36 = 0.1667
4.0	5	5 / 36 = 0.1389
4.5	4	4 / 36 = 0.1111
5.0	3	3 / 36 = 0.0833
5.5	2	2 / 36 = 0.0556
6.0	1	1 / 36 = 0.0278



6

