
FALL 2008 - CMSC 506

Computer Communications and Networks

Project Proposal

Self Healing LAN

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Abstract:

As we all know in a network, every node in the network is associated with the success or failure or to send information across the network, sending the information. There are two types of failure which may present in any network. There can be two basic types of failures present in any network. The first error, First is the physical error, which, that is associated with the connectivity in the network topology. The second error is the logical error that is associated with every node in the network. Some errors on the node may prevent the node from transmitting the data across data across the network, using desired route.

There can be errors on the node which will prevent it from transmitting data across the desired route. In route. In this project we aim at creating a self replicating worm that can heal the logical error associated with each node.

In the self-healing local wide-area network there is a group of nodes which forms form a forms a particular network topology. At the occurrence of the failure, we would try to establish a delay time period associated with that node in the network group. In the similar manner, a delay time period will be calculated found-out for other existing nodes of the local area network. We attempt to initiate a self healing fault restoration activity from each node of the network. Failure recognition is done by monitoring the delay period associated with each node. If the timer is over, it means a failure has occurred, after the delay period associated with that node is passed which means that a failure has been recognized. All the nodes of the network will initiate to restore faults at successive delayed instants. Every node in the network will be associated with the routes is it it is participating in and also the delays period of the node associated with different network groups.

Manual detection of faults and efforts to restarting the messages are time consuming and it is error prone. To avoid these, there is a need to have a system that is capable of both detecting failures in distributed manner and automatically repairing them without human intervention. This can be achieved by creating worms that replicate themselves on additional machine that performs system functions. Our goal is to create a self-replicating code that can be used on the nodes within a Local Area Network. The worm should be able to provide automatic fault detection and restoration on any node in the network.

Table of Contents

1. Purpose.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.	4
2. Goals.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.	4
3. Objectives.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.	4
4. Literature Review.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.	5
5. Project Design and Process.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.	5
6. Management Plan and Organization.....		6
7. Deliverables.....		8
8. Appendixes.....		8
i) Bibliography.....	Error! Bookmark not defined.	8

1. PURPOSE