

$$y = \left( \frac{-9 \pm \sqrt{9}}{-2 \pm 1} \right) e^{(-2 \pm 1)x} + \left( \frac{9 \pm \sqrt{9}}{-2 \pm 1} \right) e^{(-2 \pm 1)x}$$

6-3-14 Imaginary Numbers  
 $y'' + 2y' + 2y = 0$   
 $r^2 + 2r + 2 = 0$

$$r = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{4-4}}{2} = \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{-4}}{2}$$

$$r = -1 \pm i$$

$$y_1 = C_1 e^{-1+i} \quad e^{ia} = \cos a + i \sin a$$

$$= C_1 e^{-ix + ix} = C_1 e^{-x} e^{ix}$$

$e^{ia} + 1 = 0$

general solution is

$$y = e^{-x} \left[ (C_1 + iC_2) \cos x + i(C_1 - C_2) \sin x \right]$$

$$y = e^{-x} (C_1 \cos x + iC_2 \sin x) \quad \begin{matrix} y(0) = 3 \\ y'(0) = 4 \end{matrix}$$

$$y_2 = C_2 e^{-1-i} = C_2 e^{-x-i x} = C_2 e^{-x} e^{-ix} = C_2 e^{-x} (\cos x - i \sin x)$$

$$3 = C_1(1) + iC_2(0) \quad 3 = C_1$$

$$y' = -e^{-x} (C_1 \cos x + iC_2 \sin x) + e^{-x} (-C_1 \sin x + iC_2 \cos x)$$

$$4 = -1(C_1(1) + 0) + 1(-C_1(0) + iC_2(1))$$

$$4 = -C_1 + iC_2 \quad 7 = iC_2$$

$$C_2 = 7/i = -7i$$

$y = e^{-x} (3 \cos x + 7 \sin x)$

$$y'' + 4y = 0$$

$$r^2 + 4 = 0 \quad r = \pm \sqrt{-4} \quad r = \pm 2i$$

$$y = C_1 \cos 2x + C_2 \sin 2x$$

$$y' = -2C_1 \sin 2x + 2C_2 \cos 2x$$

$$y_1 = C_1 e^{2ix} = C_1 (\cos 2x + i \sin 2x)$$

$$y_2 = C_2 e^{-2ix} = C_2 (\cos 2x - i \sin 2x)$$

$$4 = C_1 + 0 \quad C_1 = 4$$

$$1 = -2(0) + 2C_2(1) \quad C_2 = 1/2$$

$y = 4 \cos 2x + 1/2 \sin 2x$

HW Due Tomorrow

3.2 1-5, 7-10, 13, 14, 17, 18, 20, 23

HW Due Thursday

3.2 1-4, 7-12, 17-20