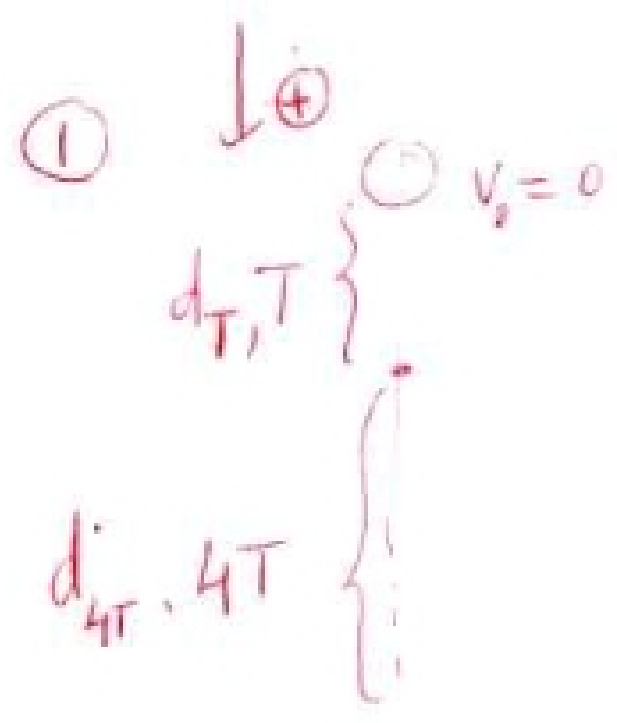


Home work solution # 2

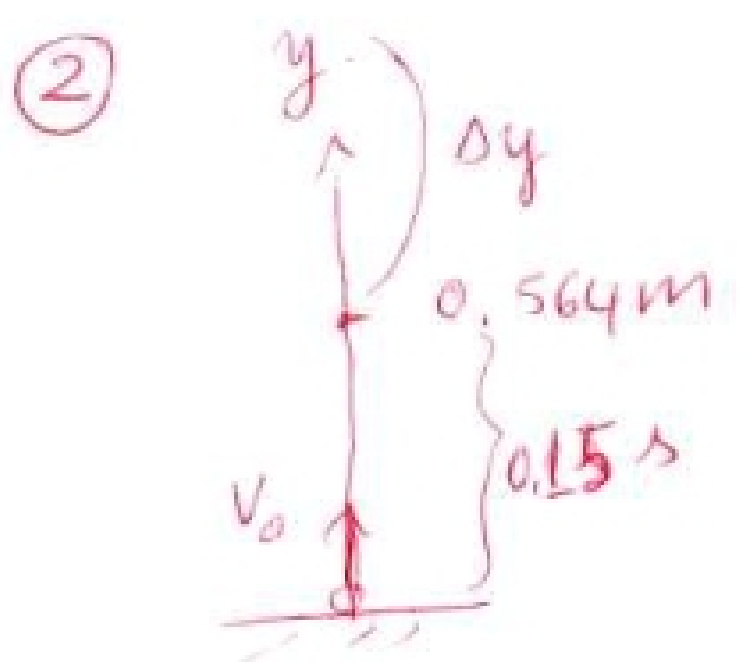
$$d = y - y_0 = \frac{1}{2} g T^2$$



$$d_T = \frac{1}{2} g T^2$$

$$d_{5T} = \frac{1}{2} g (5T)^2 = 25 d_T$$

$$d_{4T} = d_{5T} - d_T = 25d_T - d_T = 24d_T$$



(a) $y = y_0 + v_{0y}t - \frac{1}{2} g t^2$
 $0.564 = 0 + v_{0y}(0.15 \text{ s}) - \frac{1}{2} (9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)(0.15 \text{ s})^2$

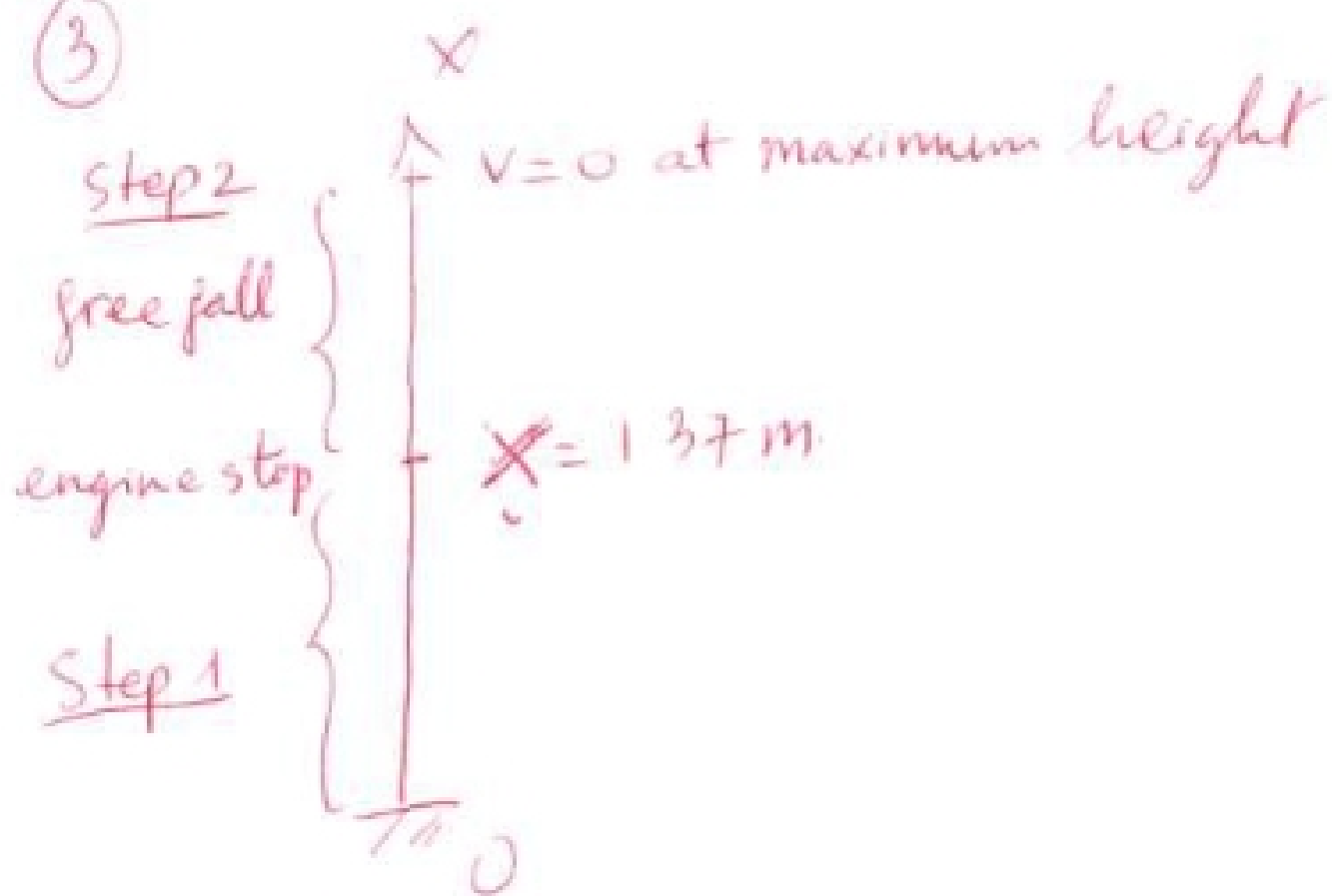
$$v_{0y} = 4.5 \text{ m/s}$$

(b) $v_y = v_{0y} - g t = 4.5 \text{ m/s} - (9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)(0.15 \text{ s})$
 $= 3.02 \text{ m/s}$

(c)
$$\Delta y = \frac{v_{0y}^2 - v_y^2}{-2g} = \frac{0 - (3.02 \text{ m/s})^2}{(-2)(9.81 \text{ m/s}^2)}$$

 $= 0.467 \text{ m}$

③



This motion is quite complicated since it has two steps: motion under the engine (step 1) and motion under free fall (step 2)

a) Maximum height.

Step 2: $v^2 = v_0^2 - 2g\Delta x$
 $\Delta x = \frac{v^2 - v_0^2}{-2g}$

Find v_0 from step 1

$$v^2 = v_0^2 + 2a\Delta x = 57.7 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\Delta x = \frac{0 - (57.7 \text{ m/s})^2}{-2 \times 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2} = 170 \text{ m}$$

$$\Delta x = x - x_0 \Rightarrow x = \Delta x + x_0 = 170 + 137 = 307 \text{ m}$$

b) step 1: $t_1 = \frac{v_f - v_i}{a} = \frac{57.7 \text{ m/s} - 53.2 \text{ m/s}}{1.81 \text{ m/s}^2}$

$$t_2 = \frac{0 - v_i}{-g} = \frac{-57.7 \text{ m/s}}{-9.81 \text{ m/s}^2}$$

$$t = t_1 + t_2 = 8.36 \text{ s}$$

c) when the rocket falls to the ground from the highest point

$$y - y_0 = v_0 t_3 + \frac{1}{2} a t_3^2 \rightarrow t_3 = \sqrt{\frac{-2h}{a}} = \sqrt{\frac{-2h}{-g}} = \sqrt{\frac{2h}{g}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(307 \text{ m})}{9.81 \text{ m/s}^2}}$$

$$t_3 = 7.91 \text{ s}$$

$$t = t_1 + t_2 + t_3 = 16.3 \text{ s}$$

(4) Please see the example in the class.