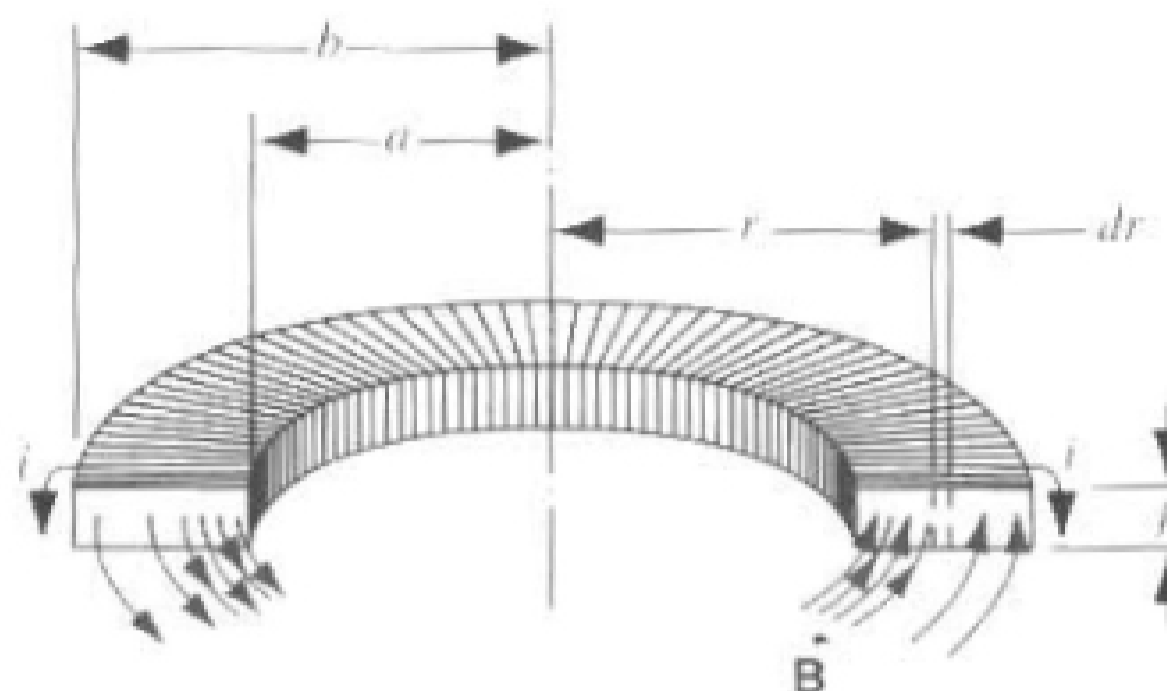


### Exam 3

Closed book exam. A calculator is allowed, as is one 8.5x11" sheet of paper with your own written notes. Please show all work leading to your answer to receive full credit. Answers should be calculated to 2 significant digits. Exam is worth 100 points, 25% of your total grade.

UF Honor Code: "On my honor, I have neither given nor received unauthorized aid in doing this exam."

Sphere: $S = 4\pi r^2$	$V = \frac{4}{3}\pi r^3$	$\rho = 3.1415927$	$m_e = 9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
$K = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2 / \text{C}^2$	$\epsilon_0 = 8.8542 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 / \text{N m}^2$		$e = 1.6022 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
$\mathbf{F} = K \frac{q_1 q_2}{r^2} \hat{\mathbf{r}}_{12}$	$\mathbf{F}_E = \epsilon_0 \oint \mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{A} = \frac{q_{\text{enc}}}{\epsilon_0} \hat{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{r}{e_0}$		$E = -\frac{dV}{dr}$
$V = \frac{U}{q_0}$	$\mathbf{E} = \frac{\mathbf{F}}{q_0}$	$W = -DU = \int \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$	$DV = -\mathbf{E} \cdot d\mathbf{s}$
$\nabla = \hat{x} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} + \hat{y} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} + \hat{z} \frac{\partial}{\partial z}$	$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} = \text{div}(\mathbf{F}) = \frac{\partial F_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial F_y}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial F_z}{\partial z}$		$\int \nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} dV = \oint \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{A}$
$\mathbf{F} = \text{grad}(f) = \nabla f$			
$Q = CDV$	$U = \frac{1}{2} C (DV)^2 = \frac{Q^2}{2C}$	$C_{\text{eff}} = C_1 + C_2$	$\frac{1}{C_{\text{eff}}} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2}$
$DV = iR$	$P = Vi = i^2 R = \frac{V^2}{R}$	$R_{\text{eff}} = R_1 + R_2$	$\frac{1}{R_{\text{eff}}} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2}$
$R = r \frac{L}{A}$	$i = \frac{dq}{dt}$	$c = 3.0 \times 10^8 \text{ m/s}$	$1 \text{ eV} = 1.6022 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
$\mathbf{F} = q(\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{v} \times \mathbf{B})$	$\mathbf{F} = i \mathbf{L} \times \mathbf{B}$	$k = \frac{K}{c^2} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} = 10^{-7} \text{ T m / A}$	
	$\mu_0 = 4\pi k = 1.257 \times 10^{-6} \text{ T m / A}$		
$d\mathbf{B} = k \frac{i ds \times \mathbf{r}}{r^3}$	$\oint \mathbf{B} \cdot d\mathbf{s} = \mu_0 i_{\text{enc}}$	$\mathbf{B}_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 i}{2\pi r} \hat{\mathbf{r}} = \frac{2ki}{r} \hat{\mathbf{r}}$	
$\boldsymbol{\mu} = i\mathbf{A}$	$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \mathbf{r} \times \mathbf{F}$	$\boldsymbol{\tau} = \boldsymbol{\mu} \times \mathbf{B}$	$U = -\boldsymbol{\mu} \cdot \mathbf{B}$
			$F_z = \mu_j \frac{dB_z}{dz}$
$F_B = \frac{dW}{ds}$	$e = -N \frac{d\Phi_B}{dt}$	$DV_L = L \frac{di}{dt}$	$L = \frac{N\Phi_B}{i}$
$U = \frac{1}{2} Li^2$	$u = \frac{U}{V} = \frac{B^2}{2\mu_0} + \frac{\epsilon_0 E^2}{2}$		
$t_{RC} = RC$	$t_{LR} = \frac{L}{R}$	$w_{LC} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}}$	$DV_S = \frac{N_S}{N_P} DV_P$
$\mathbf{a} \cdot \mathbf{b} = a_x b_x + a_y b_y + a_z b_z$	$\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b} = (a_y b_z - b_y a_z) \mathbf{i} - (a_x b_z - b_x a_z) \mathbf{j} + (a_x b_y - b_x a_y) \mathbf{k}$		



1. Consider the toroid shown with an inner radius  $a = 5$  cm and an outer radius  $b = 6$  cm. The total number of turns of wire wound around the toroid is  $N = 400$ . The core of the toroid has a rectangular cross-section with a thickness  $h = 0.5$  cm.
  - (a) [6 points] If the wire carries a current of  $2A$ , what is the magnitude of the magnetic field inside the toroid at a radius midway between the inner and outer radii?

1. Continued

(b) [8 points] Calculate the inductance of the toroid.

2. [8 points] A long straight wire with a cylindrical cross-section has a radius of 0.3 mm and carries a current of 100 mA uniformly spread across its cross-section. What is the ratio of the magnetic field at a radius of 0.1 mm to that at the surface of the wire?