

Tips for how to do well in class

- 1) Eat breakfast.
- 2) Read the chapter one to two days before the lecture, trying to explain the material to yourself.
- 3) Close the book and without referring to notes, "teach" the material to yourself, a friend or an imaginary audience.
- 4) Make notes on things that you don't understand and listen to us explain it in class.
- 5) Listen in class.
- 6) If you still don't understand a concept, ask a question in class!
- 7) After the lecture, "teach" the material to yourself again to solidify what you learned in the book and lecture.
- 8) Do the problems in the book before looking at the answers.
- 9) **Be able to do the "Be able to" items at the end of lectures!**

Chapter 5 DNA and Chromosomes

This is the core of

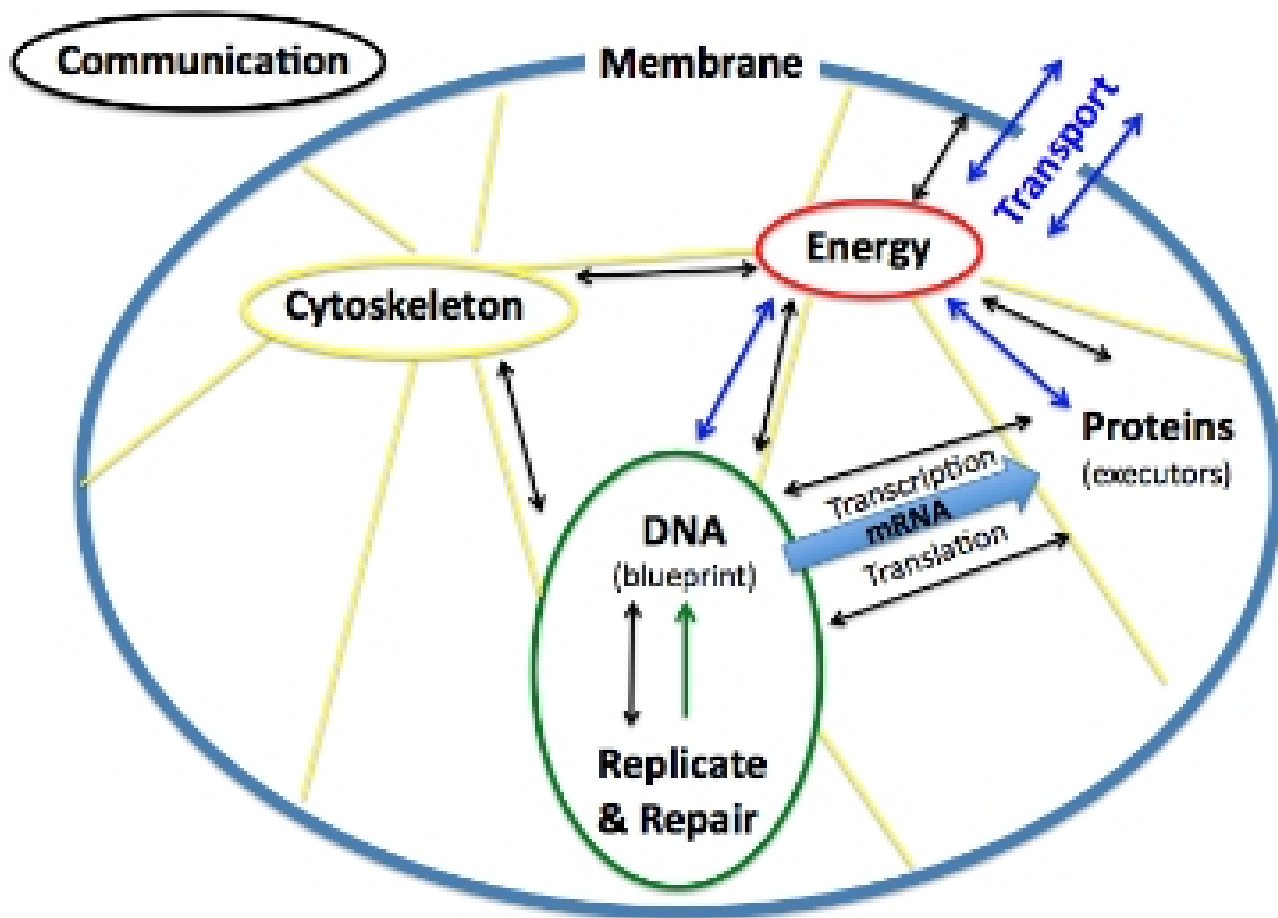
- biotechnology (medicine and agriculture)
- Human, animal, crop, and research genetics
- genetic counseling
- molecular medicine
- Most of the biology classes you will be taking after 213

Objectives

- Understand the key experiments that led to the conclusion that DNA is the genetic material
- Understand the relationship between the structure of DNA and its function in heredity
- Understand the organization of DNA into chromatin and chromosomes

Be able to:

- Write a complementary DNA strand, labeling 3' and 5', given a single strand sequence
- Describe, explain, and sketch the Avery/ MacLeod/ McCarty experiment
- Predict the outcome of the A/M/M experiment if genetic information was protein or RNA
- Describe, explain, and sketch the Hershey-Chase experiment
- Design two experiments to determine what the carrier of genetic information is in a new organism that infects human cells
- Sketch the Central Dogma, naming the molecules and processes
- Compare DNA compaction in eukaryotes and prokaryotes
- Sketch the arrangement of DNA on histones
- Predict the effect of histone modifications (that affect histone charge) on how tightly the histone binds to DNA, and be able to defend your answer



Chemical basis of genes

