

Vocab

Surge - occurs when running in hole, not enough space around bit and BHA for fluid to flow past as its displaced but instead force down into formation

Suck - opposite of surge. Casing or DS pulled out to fast may pull fluids out of annulus leaving vacuum over reducing Press. May allow influx of res lvs

Differential Sticking - occurs in DH permeable formations (sand). Must have Press in wellbore is higher than formation pressure and DS is up against well and in filter cake. Force equal to $A \text{ pressure} \times \text{surface area}$ results. Direction of force is into the hole wall. Solution: Jarring - increase up/down force
decrease fluid density to decrease sticking

Freepoint Tool or Log - way to determine depth of stuck DS or CS. Top are bottom of tool anchored inside DS and pull upward. Strain gauge tells if stuck or not. You can then find exact stuck depth.

Overshot (Fishing) - Downhole tool in fishing operations to engage at outside surface of tube or tool. Grapple or slip mechanism on overshot grips fish allowing tensile force or jarring.

Junk Basket - Fishing tool run into well to retrieve junk, debris ect. Most common relies on venturi flow to pull debris into tool while circulating. Used when "milling" or drilling up is not possible.

Whip Stock - Hardened steel wedge or ramp which forces the bit or mill to the side of the hole and makes it deviate from original path.

Key seat - Occurs in high DWS (Dog leg severity) area of wellbore or a ledge area. A channel or seat will be worn where the DS rest on the wellbore wall and rotates/moves. Area is the size of the DS (smaller than hole) can result in difficulty tripping/stuck pipe.

Crossover - component that connects 2 DS or BHA (bottom hole tool) with different thread types/sizes. responsibility of directional driller.

Jars (drilling or fishing) - DH tool to get DS or fish unstuck. Uses KE stored in a slowly stroke or slowly downward moving to apply a sudden impact to fish. Drilling jars are run while drilling to prevent even fishing jars after being stuck. Fishing jars have greater impact

Caliper (logging) - tool run on Ott logging runs, consists of 2 or more (4mm) arms that stick out. As log is pulled up arms measure the whole, allows for accurate cementing job of trouble cores and cavings in casing. Casing calipers have more arms to detect holes in casing.

Deadman / Decallic anchor - where drilling line is anchored on rig. From decallic anchor drilling line runs through crown and travel block and spools on drawwork drum. Hookload measurement is taken from sensor mounted on line at this time.

Sidewall core - core taken at side of hole, 1" dia and 3" long. Taken via wireline over usually 25-75 cores. Not as high of quality due to small size but MUCH cheaper.

Hopper (Mud) - device used to mix additives into mud system. Shaped like a funnel 3'-4' high several ft diameter. Located close to slugging tank / suction line on the pits. Mud is pumped past end of funnel resulting in suction pulling additive into system.

Packed Off (drilling or fishing) - when cutting buildup or wellbore collapses around DP. Anything at DS will be unable to move as fluid unable to flow in it. Due to inability to pump/remove cutting problem gets worse. Improperly hung pack offs = stuck pipe.

Wellbore and Reservoir Evaluation, Well Control, Safety and An

Evaluation: Reasons

- Geological correlation
- Geosteering
- Decision (no or no go)
- Completion design
- Problem Id / resolution
- Data gathering
- Reservoir model verification
- Geological confirmation

Methods

- ↳ primary methods
- Physical sampling at surface
- Physical sampling downhole
- Downhole logging and measurements
- Production Testing

Mud Logging

- Sample mud/cuttings in return line
- Inexact science
- Physical properties observed
- Issues - (depth correlation, experience, usage)

MWD (Measurement while drilling)

- Survey measurements
- Inclination, Azimuth

LWD (Logging while drilling)

- most technology available in LWD
- needier to geosteering
- higher risk due to LIT cost
- Comm to surface with mud pulse
- Correlate with MWD

DST (Drill Stem Test)

- exploratory wells
- test secondary upper Res
- Surface press and flow
- DH press
- flux comp
- Res Press
- test many zones

Logging Wireline

- | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|
| • Direct measure | Indirect |
| - Gamma | • ϕ core |
| - Electric resistivity | • α perm |
| - Neutron dens | • fluid type |
| - Sonic resist | • density |
| - temp D | • mud invasion |
| - Hole size | many others |
| - Inclination | |
| - Pressure | |
| - Torque | |
| - etc | |

